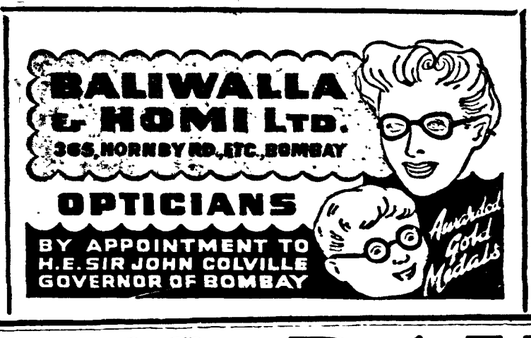
Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXIV NO. 167 BOMBAY: MONDAY, JULY 15, 1946 Price: 2 Annas

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY



POSTAL DISPUTE AWARD TO-DAY

Govt. Promise Prompt Consideration

DELHI MEETING TOMORROW TO REVIEW SITUATION

Strike Spreads To Madras: Punjab P.M.G. Optimistic

NEW DELHI, July 14 (A.P.I.): The award of Mr. Justice Rajadhyaksha, the Adjudicator, on the points at issue between the employees of the Posts and Telegraphs Department and the Administration, is expected in New Delhi to-morrow, says a Press Note. The Government of India will take the award into immediate consideration.

FEDERATION TO MEET TO-MORROW

An emergent meeting of the All-India Federation of Posts and Telegraphs has been called in Delhi to-morrow (Tuesday) to consider the situation arising out of the postal strike following the Congress President, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's plea for full adjudication of the entire dispute.

Diwan Chamanlal, M.L.A. (Central), President of the Federation, who is leaving for Delhi tomorrow will contact Sir Eric Conran-Smith, Sir Harold Shoobert and Mr. Krishna Prasada to explore possibilities for an amicable settlement of the dispute.

In an interview he urged the Government of India to accept Pandit Nehru's suggestion and enter into negotiations immediately on the basis of conciliation. Any delay in the publication of the Adjudicator's award, he said, would have serious repercussions on the decision to be taken at the forthcoming meeting of the Federation.

STRIKE CONTINUES IN DELHI

NEW DELHI: Although the 72-hour period of grace has expired today, the strike of the Delhi postmen, lower-grade staff (including R.M.S.) continues. The decision to continue the strike was reaffirmed at a meeting of postmen held here this morning.

Army personnel are helping the New Delhi Post Office in sorting and allied work.

A notice has been put up in front of the New Delhi Post Office inviting temporary hands. A clerk is offered Rs. 4, postman Rs. 3 and a packer Rs. 2/8 per day.

A large section of the public complain that they have been unable to get their letters even after waiting at the Post Offices for hours.

The Chief Post-Master, Delhi, renewed his appeal to public-spirited people to come forward and help in the distribution of letters.

STRIKE SPREADS TO MADRAS

MADRAS: About 900 postmen and members of lower-grade staff in Madras City (including R.M.S. and telegraph employees) have gone on

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 4.)

TONGUE-TIED

Jews Blow Up Iraq Oil Pipeline

HAGANAH HITS BACK

Second Phase Of Attack Begun

HAIFA, July 14 (U.P.A.): A powerful explosion in Haifa Bay at 2-20 this afternoon was believed to signal the blowing up of the Iraq Petroleum Company's oil pipeline. The fire is still sending black clouds into the skies, covering the entire port area.

Fire Brigade units and thousands of military and police personnel are rushing to the scene.

According to unconfirmed information the action was a counter-stroke by the Jewish underground army, Haganah, which will undoubtedly usher in, what the High Commissioner last week described as, the second phase of military operations if security conditions deteriorate.

Curfew is expected in Haifa any moment.

BRITISH JEWS' APPEAL

LONDON, July 14 (Reuter): The Board of Deputies of British Jews here today expressed grave concern at "the repressive measures" taken by the British administration in Palestine against the Jewish community and leaders.

"The board most urgently urges the British Government to lessen the current tension in Palestine by carrying out without delay the recommendation of the Anglo-American Enquiry Committee to grant immediately certificates enabling 100,000 Jews to enter Palestine", the resolution passed by the meeting said.

Mr. Norman Jacobs of Manchester

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 3.)

Loan Approval And After

Talks For Purchases Under New Credit Begun

WASHINGTON, July 14. (U.P.A.): President Harry Truman is expected to sign the United States loan to Britain early to-morrow and meanwhile British and United States officials have already been in conference in connection with the first British purchase orders under the new credit. It was, however, not revealed what these are.

Food is certain to be high on the list of priority purchases.

A new contract is likely to be drawn up between the British and U. S. Governments providing for additional exports of dried eggs and fruit to Britain.

Meat and wheat exports are less certain.

Although the amount of the loan totals £1,100,000,000, only £937,500,000 has been credited to Britain in dollars, spendable in America. The balance of £162,500,000 has already been spent in payment of previous lease lend goods.

Repayments of the entire principal with interest at two per cent will commence December 31, 1951, annual payments extending over 50 years.

The terms of the agreement are the abolition of the sterling area and the dollar pool, undertaking to impose no discriminatory controls on United States imports into Britain as well as supporting United States proposals for an international trade charter to expand world trade and employment.

Britain Negotiating Argentina Loan?

BUENOS AIRES, July 14. (U.P.A.): According to reliable reports, Britain is expected to receive a loan of £130,000,000 from Argentina under a tentative agreement reached between the Argentina Government and a British financial mission in that country.

The amount will be derived from Argentina's blocked sterling credits in Britain.

(Also See Page 7.)

MAHATMA HAS A RESTFUL DAY

PANCHGANI, July 14 (A.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi spent a quiet day today writing for the "Harijan" in a calm and restful atmosphere of his room in "Mohan Mahal." He had no visitors today except Captain Nimbalkar of the Azad Hind Fauz from Satara whom he saw for a few minutes.

Speaking at this evenings prayer meeting Gandhiji referred to the necessity of keeping proper rhythm at 'Ram Dhun' which, he said, "enables one to attain harmony with higher spiritual life."

Panchgani is free from rains at present excepting slight intermittent drizzles.

This hill station has been without Bombay mail and newspapers for the last two days due to the postal strike.

CHURCHILL'S MESSAGE OF CHEER TO FRANCE

METZ, July 14 (Reuter): Mr. Winston Churchill speaking from the Balcony of Metz town hall this afternoon told cheering crowds below: "I have come here to bring you words of encouragement after the black and terrible hours we have passed.

"I have walked with France for 40 years. I still walk with her in her present troubles."

Mr. Churchill, who was presiding over the city's Bastille Day celebrations, received such an enthusiastic reception that it was several minutes before he could make himself heard.

Apologising for his accent he said: "The problem confronting France is not only to restore her own greatness but to give a start to the European revival.

ITALIAN CABINET SWORN INTO OFFICE

ROME, July 14 (A.P.A.): The first Cabinet of the Italian Republic was sworn into office today.

The Cabinet will hold its first meeting tomorrow to prepare the Ministerial declaration to be made at tomorrow afternoon's session of the Constituent Assembly.

4-HOUR STAY-IN STRIKE

JHANSI CITY, July 13 (A.P.I.): Three thousand employees of the local railway workshop resorted to a four hour stay-in strike today as a protest against the dismissal notice served by the railway authorities on John Benjamin, President of the Jhansi Rly. Men's Union and a member of the A.-I. Rly. Federation, terminating his services from August 10th on charges of remaining absent from work for a month without the sanction of the railway authorities.

Will "Pat" Call For J. K. Irani?

Who Will Keep India's Wicket At Second Test

SHEFFIELD, July 14 (U.P.I.): "Will Pataudi send an S.O.S. to India for J. K. Irani, the Sind wicket-keeper, in view of the injury to Nimbalkar and doubtful fitness of Hindlekar?" is the question being freely asked here, especially as Amarnath, the star Indian bowler, can hardly be exposed to the risk of an injury to his bowling fingers.

An answer to this difficult question can only be given after Nimbalkar has been examined by doctors again next week and after Hindlekar's fitness is tried at the Old Trafford Test. The matter for concern is that Hindlekar's back trouble, which is not diagnosed yet, is of a recurring type.

Meanwhile, some Indian players, especially Banerjee of the Tatas have gone round famous steel factories in Sheffield with a party including the Indian Cricketers Berry, Sarbadhikary and Deodhar.

(Also See Page 3.)

NO UNION JACK FOR KARACHI CITY FATHERS

KARACHI, July 13 (U.P.I.): The Karachi Corporation has decided to do away with the Union Jack and the Municipal Flag will be flown on ceremonial occasions.

Bombay Congress Nominees To Constituent Assembly

Sardar, Deo, Munshi And Kher Lead The List: Minorities Represented

POONA, July 14. (A.P.I.): The Bombay Congress Assembly Party at its meeting to-day unanimously decided to nominate the following candidates for elections to the Constituent Assembly from the General Constituency:

1. **Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.**
2. **Shankerrao Deo.**
3. **Dr. M. R. Jayakar.**
4. **Mr. K. M. Munshi.**
5. **Mr. B. G. Kher.**
6. **Kanyalal Desai.**
7. **Mr. S. K. Patil.**
8. **Mr. K. M. Jedhe.**
9. **Mr. Nijlingappa.**
10. **Mr. M. R. Masani.**
11. **Dr. Alban D'Souza.**
12. **Mrs. Hansa Mehta.**
13. **Mr. R. M. Nalawde.**
14. **Mr. S. N. Mane.**
15. **Mr. Khandubhai Desai.**
16. **Mr. R. R. Diwakar.**
17. **Mr. N. V. Gadgil.**
18. **Mr. H. V. Pataskar.**
19. **Mr. B. M. Gupte.**

Our Poona Correspondent adds:

"After a debate lasting over two hours a meeting of the Bombay Congress Legislature Party unanimously ratified the list of 19 names drafted yesterday by the Executive Committee of the Party. Premier Kher, at the outset, explained that the Congress Working Committee wanted that the list should not be exclusive but comprehensive and representative of all interests and talents.

The committee had directed four persons, namely, Sardar Patel, Shankar Rao Deo, M. R. Jayakar and K. M. Munshi, should be nominated. Executive had adopted this list only with one amendment, that in case Mr. Jayakar's nomination paper is not received in time due to postal strike, Sjt. Shantilal Shah, Secretary of the Party, should file the nomination paper instead. It is understood that Mr. Jayakar has telegraphically advised that he has despatched nomination by air. The postal authorities aware of the situation, are doing best to relay it from Karachi. In any case Sjt. Shah is expected to resign and make room for Mr. Jayakar later on.

Mr. Kher further explained that the Congress Working Committee had advised that the Bombay list should contain one Indian Christian, one Parsi, one woman, and members of the Scheduled Caste, in proportion to their strength in the Assembly. Besides fulfilling the object of the Working Committee by nominating two members of the Scheduled Caste and the Rest executive had also decided that four presidents of Provincial Congress Committee in the zone should also be included.

TWO STRIKING SPEECHES.

Although alternative names were suggested and a score of numbers participated in the discussion there was good human in the debate. Particularly appreciated were two speeches made by Smt. Lilavati Munshi and Sjt. S. P. Songaonkar. Later, Harijan member made a strong plea that sectional, provincial, or linguistic interests should not be taken into consideration in deciding the list, but the interests of the country as a whole must dominate.

Smti Lilavati Munshi emphasising the same point in lighter view told members that they had nominated but one woman as against eighteen men. If they had reversed the process and nominated 18 women instead, they would have set an example to the country.

All alternative names suggested were either withdrawn or negatived. An attempt at adjournment made before tea-time shared the same fate. The party then settled down to discussion of the non-official resolution before the forthcoming session of the Assembly."

SYSTEM OF VOTING

Our Poona Correspondent wires: The system of voting being by single transferable vote, each member should get eight first preference votes to be assured of being elected. But since party strength does not permit of eight votes to each of 19 nominees, some will have to come in on seven votes. Hence the need for meticulous and exact instructions to party members in the matter.

Members of the Bombay Legislative Assembly have already begun to arrive, although most of them are expected only to-day. Heavy agenda of business awaits the present session. Most important business before the Assembly during the coming week is, of course, election of members to the Constituent Assembly, but it is not the item which will occupy much time of the House.

FOR PROTECTION OF TENANTS

Up for consideration of the House on the first day of the meeting is a Bill to amend the Khoti Settlement Act of 1880. Khoti is a type of land tenure prevailing on the Konkan coast, particularly in Ratnagiri and Kolaba Districts. The ultimate object of the Bill is to bring tenants of 'khot' on the same level as other tenants in the presidency. This piece of legislation is expected to be non-controversial.

Another piece of legislation affecting tenants which will come up before the present session is a Bill to re-enact the Tenancy Act of 1940-41 and amend the Tenancy Act of 1939.

The central piece of this legislation is to put the onus of proving that tenancy is not "protected tenant" on the owner. Within six months after

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 6.)

800 Telegraphs Dept. Men On Strike

COMMUNICATION IN CITY AT STANDSTILL

Workers Ask For Revised Scale Of Pay & Leave Facilities

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The centre of gravity of the strike scene in the city shifted from the post office to the telegraph offices to-day when about 800 employees of the telegraphs department of Bombay struck work at 12 midnight.

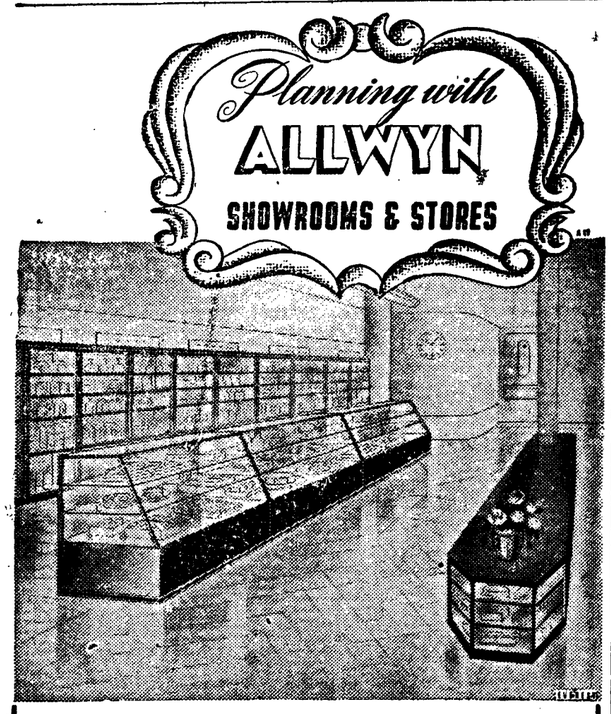
The men include linemen, task-work messengers, batterymen, head peons, by-hand peons, mistries, sub-inspectors, foremen, line inspectors, cycle mechanics, boy-peons and jamadars. With Bombay city receiving more than 18,000 telegraph messages it is apprehended this step will completely paralyse the communication system, and make confusion worse confounded.

Frantic efforts are being made by the local telegraph authorities to meet the new situation thus causing least annoyance and inconvenience to the public. The main difficulty is that of getting fresh recruits who can do the work. In many cases clerks of the telegraph offices are called upon to do the work of the strikers. This they do only under protest and with great reluctance, their whole-hearted sympathy being with the strikers.

Poona Talks On Postal Strike Have Failed—See Page 5

Mr. S. Samson, Chief Telegraph Superintendent, explained to-day the arrangements for the distribution of telegrams in the city. He stated that telegrams would be kept in perfect alphabetical order at the Central and other telegraph offices in the city so that people going to receive their telegrams may not have to experience delay or difficulty. Mr. Samson further stated that there was no difficulty regarding the foreign cables, as the work of receiving and accepting these cables was done by

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 3.)



SHOWROOMS are vital arteries of the Sales Organisation in every Industry. For best and modern Showroom Equipment Allwyn are at your service with their experience, research, modern machinery and skilled craftsmen.

HYDERABAD
ALLWYN METAL WORKS, LTD.

Head Office & Works: Industrial Area, HYDERABAD (Dn.). 'Grams: "ALLWYN".

Bombay Showrooms: Readymoney Mansion, Churchgate St., Fort. Phone: 20429.

Managing Agents:—K. B. AHMED ALLADIN & CO.

"Leather to stand weather." These shoes with waterproof storm welting will give you an extra service in rains. Smart, comfortable fit, quality material, better workmanship, are their distinctive outlines.

Bata

INDIA'S MOST POPULAR FOOTWEAR.

THIRD COURSE

REGULAR COMMISSIONS IN THE POST-WAR INDIAN ARMY

(INDIAN MILITARY ACADEMY, DEHRA DUN)

Applications are now invited for the THIRD COURSE for training for the Regular Officer Cadre of the Indian Army.

1. A candidate must be a British subject of Indian domicile or descent or a subject of an Indian State.
2. A candidate for the Third Course, which starts in January 1947, must have passed his 18th birthday but not attained his 21st on the 1st January 1947.
3. The minimum educational standards acceptable are Senior Cambridge with not less than two credits, Indian Army Special Certificate, or Matriculation 1st or 2nd Division. A high measure of proficiency in English is essential. Documentary evidence of educational qualifications must be produced at all interviews; in the case of the Matriculation, an original educational certificate or a duplicate copy, certified correct by the Registrar of the University concerned, must be shown.
4. All candidates will have to pass a Services Selection Board and a Medical Board.
5. The Third Course will be of two years' duration. It will be conducted at the Indian Military Academy, Dehra Dun.

APPLICATIONS

Application forms can be obtained from any of the following:

Headquarters of a Military Brigade,
Brigade Area, or Sub-Area.
Recruiting Office.
University or College.

These forms, on completion, will be forwarded to the nearest Military Brigade, Brigade Area, or Sub-Area Headquarters. On receipt of the completed form, the military commander concerned will call up candidates for interview.

CLOSING DATE FOR APPLICATIONS

As no applications which are received after the 30th September 1946 can be considered by the Director of Selection of Personnel, Meerut, candidates must apply in sufficient time to enable the military commander concerned to call them for interview, and to communicate the result to the Director of Selection of Personnel before that date.

No. 658

WITH A

PASSING SHOW

When you feel tired, try PASSING SHOW. You will find they will act as a splendid tonic.

3 ANNAS FOR 10

P.S.C. 93

Jawahar's Statement Gives Jinnah Jitters

Viceroy And Mission Accused Of Fear Complex | *Looks To British Parliament For Succour*

Clearing Deck For Possible "Volte Face" In League Policy

HYDERABAD (Dn.), July 13 (API).—"Pandit Nehru's interpretation of the Congress acceptance of the Cabinet Mission's proposals of May 16 is a complete repudiation of the basic form upon which the Long Term Scheme rests and all its fundamentals and terms and obligations and rights of parties accepting the scheme", said Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League in an interview to the Associated Press today, commenting on the statement made by Pandit Nehru at the recent Press Conference in Bombay.

It is for the British Parliament and His Majesty's Government to make it clear beyond doubt and remove the impression that the Congress has accepted the long-term scheme of the Cabinet delegation which is sought to be conveyed abroad by the timid efforts of the Cabinet delegation and the Viceroy."

CLEAR FROM OUTSET

Mr. Jinnah says: "It has been clear from the outset to those who understand from the letter of the President of the Congress of June 25 addressed to the Viceroy and the resolution of the Congress Working Committee that followed it next day rejecting the Interim Government proposals contained in the statement of the Cabinet delegation and Viceroy dated June 16, that the so-called 'acceptance' by the Congress only of 'Long-term Plan' of May 16 was never intended to honour its terms and obligations with the desire to carry out the scheme in the spirit of constructive and friendly co-operation. It ended with covert threat that the successful working of the Constituent Assembly will depend upon the formation of a satisfactory provisional Interim Government. After that they themselves had wrecked the final proposals put forward by the Cabinet delegation and the Viceroy in their statement of June 16.

BRUTE MAJORITY

In their resolution they make reservations and put fantastic interpretations upon the fundamentals of 'Long Term Plan' and finally they make it clear that they were only going to prevent other people, whom they consider undesirable, from getting into the Constituent Assembly and seek elections to wreck the 'Long Term Plan' also. They are going into the Constituent Assembly as he has now seen, so frankly and clearly defined by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, on his assumption of office as the President of the Congress 'to achieve their objective.' He has also made it quite clear that they are not going to honour any of the terms of the 'Long Term Plan' and that they are only entering to put it shortly to use it as platform for their propaganda in utter disregard of rights and obligations of those agreeing and who are in honour bound to fulfil or abide by it. This is simply because they have secured a brute majority of 292 against 79 Muslims in the Constituent Assembly.

"What Pandit Nehru says while referring to the correspondence that passed between the Cabinet Mission and Viceroy and the Congress and of their final decision of June 25-26 is 'you will see on what conditions and circumstances we agreed to go into Constituent Assembly. We have agreed to go into the Constituent Assembly and we have agreed to nothing else.'

PARLIAMENT SHOULD INTERVENE

Mr. Jinnah adds: "This is complete repudiation of the basic form upon which the Long Term Scheme rests and all its fundamentals and terms and obligations and rights of parties accepting the scheme.

"It is understood that there is going to be a debate in the British Parliament very soon on the report of the Cabinet delegation and it is for the British Parliament and his Majesty's Government to make it clear beyond doubt and remove the impression that the Congress has accepted the Long Term Scheme which is sought to be conveyed abroad by the timid efforts of the Cabinet Delegation and the Viceroy, who throughout these negotiations suffered from a fear complex and constant threats of the Congress of resorting to civil disobedience, which is now repeated by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in his present statement to the Press Conference and further, in their undue anxiety to secure success of their Mission at any cost and the sacrifice of everybody else.

In spite of knowing full well the true situation and the intentions of Congress the Mission have tried to treat the decision of the Congress as acceptance of a party, who did so with real spirit of constructive co-operation to perform their obligations as an honourable organisation, according to the spirit and letter of the Long Term Scheme.

"We shall have to consider the situation when the Working Committee and the Council of the All-India Muslim League will meet on July 26, 27 and 28 and adopt such action as we may think proper in the circumstances that have arisen."

JINNAH QUOTES A FABLE

Wants Organisational Unity To Play 'Power Politics'

HYDERABAD (Dn.), July 13 (API).—An impassioned plea to Muslims of Hyderabad State to strengthen the Anjuman Ittehadul Muslim which was founded in the State by the Nawab Bahadur Yar Jung Bahadur was made by Mr. Jinnah President of the All-India Muslim League at a public meeting held today at Secunderabad under the auspices of the Secunderabad Majlis. Pointing out that the Muslims of India should take into account the changing times, Mr. Jinnah asked them to cease thinking of the past. Like the tortoise in the fable, the Hindus have been systematically working. The Muslims must be beware of the "tortoise" and rise to the occasion, he said. The present day was a day of power politics said Mr. Jinnah. Referring to local politics and added the Muslims of Hyderabad must not be lacking in organisation and unity which was essential for them as a power to be reckoned with.

Jinnah For Bombay

HYDERABAD (Dn.), July 14 (API).—Mr. M. A. Jinnah is leaving Hyderabad by air on Monday afternoon for Bombay reaching there about four in the afternoon.

"MUDIE VITIATING PUBLIC LIFE IN SIND"

Govt. Of India Act And Conceptions Of Democracy Flouted, Charges Syed

KARACHI, July 13. (A.P.I.): Mr. G. M. Syed, leader of the opposition in the Sind Assembly in a press statement today says that the present Sind Ministry continues to remain in office because the Governor would not allow the legislature to exercise its constitutional rights and privileges.

Mr. Syed says that the power of prorogation has been most blatantly misused in order to keep in office the Ministry which having forfeited the confidence of the legislature has no right to exist. "We are sure no Assembly session would now be called for the next seven months till there is time for the unavoidable Budget session to take place, and meanwhile, every kind of official coercion and inducement would be employed to deter the Assembly members from acting freely and according to their own judgment.

WHO IS GUILTY?

A charge is frequently brought against the Sind members on the score of their tendency to change their party labels far too frequently but in view of the facts I have just enumerated who would aver that this habit has not been forced on them by those who, under His Majesty's Instrument of instructions, had been charged with the duty of working the constitution only honestly and impartially. In Sind for example it is the present Governor who is mainly responsible for vitiating our public life and so long as he continues in office God help Provincial Autonomy, the Government of India Act and the normal conceptions of democracy.

"COLOSSAL MISTAKE"

Br. Colonial Policy In Malaya

LONDON, July 14. (Reuter): The British Colonial office's recent policy in Malaya can be plainly seen now as a colossal mistake, writes the commentator 'Scrutator' in an article on "our Colonial Empire" in today's "Sunday Times".

The article says it is a mistake which, if persisted in, will ruin reparably all our previous Malayan achievement and extend distrust of our intentions far and wide within our Empire.

It is not easy for the great department to do penance in public nor for the Minister to admit in so many words that his peccant officials have not a leg to stand on.

We may hope nevertheless, that Mr. Halls (Colonial Secretarys) formula that Malayan progress 'should be made in agreement with all sections of opinion in that country will cover eventually a complete withdrawal from the untenable position in which the Macmichael treaties have placed us. Nothing less will avail if we are to avoid transforming what has hitherto been our most prosperous and contented tropical colony into a second Palestine".

Burma Governor's 'Sealed-Lips' Attitude'

LIVERPOOL, July 13 (Reuter): A sealed-lips attitude was taken by the Governor of Burma, Sir Reginald Dorman-Smith when he arrived here to-day with his wife and daughter He refused to say what his reasons were for returning from Burma, when he was likely to return, or whether his visit was in any way related to pressure of Nationalistic demands.

On the food situation, the Governor said, there was improvement, but if this was to continue Burma must have larger quantities of consumer goods. Prices were still 300 per cent above normal.

U. S. MEDICINE GIFT TO INDIA

NEW YORK, July 13 (U. P. A.): Church World Service to-day announced that it was sending 170,000 tubes of topicillin, which is penicillin ointment used as eye and skin medication, to India for distribution to "several score" hospitals.

It was also said that British, American and native doctors will give free treatment to Indians with eye diseases and skin infections.

The shipment which weighs over a ton is valued at dol. 14,000,00 and is being sent to Bombay in refrigerated hold together with instructions for its proper use.

UNDERWATEK ATOMIC EXPLOSION

Observers Will Be Nearer Than Ten Mile Limit

WASHINGTON, July 14 (Reuter): Vice-Admiral W. H. P. Blandy, commanding United States atomic Task Force announced today that the observers of the underwater atomic explosion arranged for July 25 in the Bikini lagoon will be nearer than the ten mile limit set for the first test on July 1.

The second experiment, he said is to determine the damage under water explosion will do to ships hulls and the effects of the resultant waves and of radio-active water on exposed parts of the targets.

The bomb is to be suspended from a barge anchored in the middle of the target fleet and will be detonated by radio impulses.

New U. S. Atom-Bomber

WASHINGTON, (Reuter): The first B-36 six-engined bomber which Mr. W. Stuart Symington, Assistant Secretary of War for Air, has said could "flying 10,000 miles with an atomic bomb" has now been built.

In announcing earlier that the plane was under construction, officials described it as a successor to the B-29 which carried the atomic bomb to Hiroshima and Nagasaki.

BR. & INDIAN TROOPS WITHDRAWAL FROM DUTCH EAST INDIES

BATAVIA, July 14. (Reuter): British and Indian troops are being withdrawn from those parts of the Dutch East Indies "where they have finished their military duties—namely the whole area except Java, Sumatra and Rhio Archipelago", it was officially confirmed by Allied forces of the Netherlands East Indies Headquarters last night.

A statement said that from midnight, last night Great East Borneo, Belitong and Bangka will be lifted from the South-east Asia Command and Dutch authorities would take the responsibility for maintaining Law and Order there.

The Netherlands news agency reported that Dr. Hubertus Van Mook, Lieutenant-General of the Dutch East Indies would take over the Administration of the areas on Monday at Macassar in Celebes after which he and his party will leave for Malino, a hill resort near Macassar.

Eichelberger Pleads For Cessatio Of Assaults On Women

YOKOHAMA, July 13. (U.P.A.): Lt. Gen. Robert L. Eichelberger today ordered the U. S. Eighth Army to desist from their "arrogant and bullying" attitude which he said some American soldiers adopted against the Japanese.

The General warned that if his order failed to produce the desired results, "our courts are empowered to meet out stiff penalties."

Eichelberger cited cases of "malicious beating" of Japanese and American troops breaking into Japanese homes, taking money and destroying furniture and windows as well as assaulting women on highways and in their homes. Such "disgusting actions", he said, are bringing retaliation on the part of the Japanese and sometimes against innocent soldiers.

MacArthur On Japan's New Cabinet

TOKIO, July 13 (Reuter): General Douglas MacArthur, Supreme Allied Commander in Japan, to-day called the formation of new Cabinet after Japan's first post-war election an important step in continuing the democratic progress which gave the Japanese valuable political experience in Parliamentary Government.

In a summary of non-military activities during May, General MacArthur contrasted the publicity which surrounded the formation of the Yoshida Cabinet with past methods when a new Premier was usually chosen in "secret conferences of an inner clique consisting of elder statesmen and circles close to the throne."

BOMBAY GOVT. REVIVE ANTI-CORRUPTION COMMITTEES

In furtherance of its policy to fight corruption in the public services the Government of Bombay has decided to revive immediately the Anti-corruption Committees consisting of officials and non-officials formed in the districts in accordance with instructions issued in the Government Resolution of April 5, 1939. The composition and functions of the Committees will be as follows:—

The Committee should consist of four members including the Chairman of whom two should be officials and two non-officials The Collector of the District, who shall be the Chairman and the District Superintendent of Police, should be the official members of the Committee. The non-official members should be appointed by the Collector in consultation with the Commissioner subject to the approval of the Government. The non-official members at present serving on the Committees should continue till the completion of their terms but the Collectors in consultation with the Commissioners should suggest names in place of persons who are either deceased or not in a position to function.

The non-official members will be appointed for a period of 2 years but will be eligible for re-appointment.

THE INDIAN SMELTING & REFINING CO., LTD.

SHALE BUILDING, BANK STREET, FORT, BOMBAY
Cables: ISARC. 'Phone: 32831 (two lines)

WHITE METALS (Antifriction) Nos. 6 to 90.
GUN METAL (for casting purposes purest quality).
PHOSPHOR BRONZE No 200 and No. 500.
LEAD BRONZE. (for special bearings).
ALUMINIUM BRONZE.
MANGANESE BRONZE.
BELL METAL and READYCAST BELLS.
BRASS INGOTS.
NICKEL SILVER ALLOY.
TIN SOLDER 7 Grades.
BRAZING SOLDER 3 Grades.
SILVER SOLDER 2 Grades.
ALUMINIUM SILICON ALLOYS.

NON-FERROUS CASTINGS.

ON SUPPLY DEPT., ARMY & RAILWAY LISTS

FLY TO-DAY AND SAVE TOMORROW

DAILY AIR SERVICE ● LEAVES JUHU 7 A. M.

BOMBAY: JAMNAGAR: BHUJ

21 SEATER DAKOTA: GAGANDUTA: GAGANDEEP:

Enquiries: AIR SERVICES OF INDIA, LTD.

10-30 A.M. TO 5-30 P.M. "SCINDIA HOUSE" BALLARD ESTATE. TEL. 21919.

5-30 A.M. TO 10-00 P.M. MANDVI BOOKING OFFICE MUSJID BRIDGE. TEL. 25744

AMRUTANJAN

BRAND

Ringworm Ointment

The Cosmic Ray
FOR ALL SKIN DISEASES!!

A.C. 80

Not hungry thousands

BUT HUNGRY MILLIONS

Millions in deficit areas are going to be affected by the enormous food shortage now facing the country. The task of feeding these unfortunate people is truly great. Each one of us has a definite obligation to help in this great crisis. You can do this with very little effort in these four ways:—

1. Reduce your entertaining. If you have to invite guests, give them simple food. They will understand and appreciate the reason.
2. Economise in your own home by having fewer dishes served. See that there is no wastage in the kitchen.
3. Observe austerity at weddings and at ceremonies both religious and social.
4. Improve your diet by eating more vegetables, fruit, fish, meat, eggs and milk products, depending upon your taste. Reduce your consumption of rice and wheat.

In these ways we can save hardship and starvation among the sufferers, who look to us at this time of trouble, for just this kind of practical help and support.

Save food

AND YOU

Save lives

ISSUED BY DEPARTMENT OF FOOD, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, NEW DELHI.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 22 December, 2016

A GIRL .....
wooed by
TWO BOYS.....
who wins the Race?
Flora Films
Different Tale
That Entertains—
Main Kya Karun?
SURRAIYA, SANYAL, HANSA, AGHA, SHAH NAWAZ
Lyrics By
D. N. MADHOK ('Rattan' Fame)
CAPITOL
Daily: 4, 6-45 & 9-30
Booking 9-30 to 12-30 and 2-30 to 5 p.m.
A Diamond Release Thru' Dawlat Corp.

4TH CROWDED WEEK
CHITRA PRODUCTIONS'
JHUMKE
AKHTAR, JAGIRDAR, LALITA.
Daily: 4, 7-10, Sun. 1 p.m.
NEW WEST END
4TH WEEK OF FULL HOUSES
PRAFULLA'S Mythological Hit
Subhadra
DIRECTOR PRODUCER VINAYAK
Starring: SHANTA APTE
(Courtesy S. A. Concerns)
& PREM ADIB
ROXY Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.

8TH WEEK!
SOHRAB MODI'S Great Social
SHAMA
Starring: MEHTAB
(The Queen of Emotions)
MINERVA
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.

27TH WEEK!
JAMUNA Productions'
RATTAN
(With Songs in Colour)
Daily 4-15, 7, 10. Sunday 1 p.m.
IMPERIAL

5TH POPULAR WEEK!
NAVYUG'S Thrilling Social
ROOM NO. 9
Starring: GEETA NIZAMI
Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sunday 1 p.m.
KRISHNA

MEET YOUR FAVOURITE GIRL AND SEE HER IN A NEW ROLE
Its music will charm you and all!
SOBHAGYA PICTURES
A PRAKASH PRODUCTION
ZAMIN ASMAN
Direction: D. KHOSLA
Cast JEEVEN, RANJNA, KUSUM DESHPANDE, RAMESH
Daily 4, 7, & 10 p.m.
Ad. Booking 10 to 11-30, 4-30 to 6
LAMINGTON
An Evergreen Release.

A Famous Release
HUM EK HAIN
Daily: 4, 7, 10 Sun., Holidays Mat. at 1-0
6TH WEEK
CENTRAL
Advance Booking 10 to 12, 4 to 6

31,179 BOMBAY PEOPLE . .
have seen "The Lost Weekend" at Regal Cinema, Bombay. Now Showing.

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Vad 1, 2002
Muslim: Shabban 15, 1365
Parsi: Behman 15, 1315
Sunrise 6-10 a.m, Sunset 7-20 p.m.
Hightide: 0-06, 13-05
Lowtide: 06-10, 19-14

Today's Engagements

SECONDARY TEACHERS' ASSN.: Annual meeting today (Monday) at 6 p.m at St. Xavier's High School.

"YOU": "Are We (Parsis) Degenerating?" will be a subject for discussion at 6-15 p.m today at Cama Oriental Institute Hall.

RECEPTION TO AZAD HIND GOVT. OFFICERS

Under the auspices of the "F" and "G" Ward Forward Blocs, a public reception will be accorded to Anand Mohan Sahay, Minister of the Provisional Government of Azad Hind and Brigadier Ehashan Qadir of the I.N.A. at the Podar College Matunga today (Monday) at 7 p.m. Prof. Bidesh Kulkarni will preside.

"ON TO THE DEBATE" is the title of a programme in which All-India Radio, Bombay, will present well-known personalities. "Newspaper-Chains are harmful to the interests of the public" is the subject of a debate to be broadcast on Monday the 15th July '46 at 9-45 p.m., Mr. S. A. Brelvi, Editor, "Bombay Chronicle" will take the chair. Speakers include Mr. Amritlal D. Seth (Janmabhoomi'), Mrs. Violet Alva ('Forum'), and Mr. K. Gopalaswami ('Times of India.')

This programme presented by Mr. K. Srinivasan, ('Morning Standard'), can be heard on 244m and 61.48m.

BOMBAY POSTAL UNION

Mr. A. N. Chikhlikar, Hon. Secretary, Bombay, Postal Union, writes:

An extraordinary general meeting of the Bombay Postal Union will be held at Brahmin Sabha Hall, Girgaum, Bombay today (Monday) at 7-30 p.m to consider the situation arising out of the present strike of postmen and lower grade staff.

Mr. M. N. Talpade, President of the Union, will preside.

The following resolution will be moved: "This meeting of the Bombay Postal Union puts on record its sense of appreciation of the solidarity shown by the Postmen and Lower Grade Staff Union to get their demands conceded by the Department and sympathises with them in their struggle.

"Resolved further that as already advised by the Provincial Secretary of the Bombay Presy. Postal and R. M. S. Association this meeting declares that no member of this Union shall do anything which is likely to undermine the cause of our comrades of the All-India Postmen and Lower Grade Staff Union."

MUSLIM SOCIAL WORKERS' GROUP: Social gathering of Muslim Social Workers' Group will be held today (Monday) at 68, Ali Umar Street, Mistry Moholla at 6-15 p.m. when prominent Muslim businessmen will speak on "What Muslim Businessmen Should Do?" Mr. Aziz H. Laljee will preside Mr. Habib I. Rahimtulla, Mr. Hatimbhoy N. Nasser, Mr. Rahmanbhai Bhaijee and others will speak.

Burjor R. Havewala Appreciation Fund

At a meeting of the Managing Committee of the above Fund, it was resolved to hold charity shows to swell the fund and a sub-committee was appointed, also directors of programme and publicity officers.

A top-notch n on-stop variety entertainment from stage screen and radio stars is arranged and it will regale the public. Besides this, Mr. Vishtasp Bulsara will recite film music Master Nariman (stage and screen star) will give a demonstration some in Hindi, Mr. Savak Modi (Musician of Ranchi) will strike a new note in yodelling English songs on guitar; and to crown all Dr. Dara Hakim's popular skit will be enacted by stage and screen stars. More items to thrill the audience will be announced soon also the date and time of the performance.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY—1
MONDAY, July 15.

244 m (1,231 kc/s) 7-30 a.m. Keep Fit 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Hamid Husain (Sarangi) 8-45 Mehedi Reza and Party 9-0 Roshanara Begam 9-30 Close down.

12-0 p.m. Programme in Hindustani of special interest to women 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Geetmala 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Music 4-20 School Broadcast (M & G) 5-0 Hamid Husain 5-15 Leela Thakur 5-20 Sundramma Raghviah (Vocal) 5-45 Topic of Day 5-55 Locals 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Rana Vanat 6-30 Mehedi Reza and Party 6-45 Sundramma Raghviah (Vocal) 7-0 Folk-Songs of Maharashtra (Gauricha lagar by Pirajirao Sarnaik and Party) 7-30 V H Deshpande 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 (Vadhu Ramatmedano Talk in Gujarati by Jal Bulsara, 8-45 Pandit Kavinchi Kavita: Marathi Poetry Reading; Selections from poems of "Mukteshwar"; 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B B C News 9-40 Programme Parade 9-45 On To Debate Presented by K. Srinivasan 10-15 Roshanara Begam.

5 Varieties:—
ARISTOCRAT: VELVET: TROOPS: STREAMLINED: SALOON
Products of
LINCOLN SUPER BRUSH
Sole Distributors:
EASTERN DISTRIBUTORS, LTD.
3, Chittaranjan Avenue, CALCUTTA.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel inaugurated Megji Mathradas Arts College and Narandas Institute of Science at Way Gujarat, Andheri on Saturday.

EDUCATION IN ENGLISH IS BADGE OF SLAVERY

Sardar Commands Bharat Vidya Bhavan's Plan To Use Rashtrabhasha As Medium

BOMBAY, July 14 (A.P.I.): "Our educational system is not Indian. We have yet to make it Indian. Very soon when India has a National Government, we will have to give education through the medium of our own language. We have to write our own history. And above all we have to train our youngmen to be the leaders of international opinion of the future" said Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel inaugurating a new college at Andheri yesterday. The college has been started by the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan.

Sardar Patel added: "A very great political future is opening before India and if your institution is able to realise the ideals with which it is started it would have considerably influenced the shaping of your youngmen for the future.

In our higher education Britishers have emphasized the use of English. Our students have to spend years and years of their life to learn how to speak and write English correctly. This is in a sense the bade of our slavery. But an independent India must speak and think in its own national language. As soon as a National Government comes one of the first problems will be to increase the scope of the national language in our educational system, particularly our universities."

Sardar Patel said that he was glad to find that the Bhavan had on its programme the use of the Rashtrabhasha as its medium.

Among those present were Sir Harshadbhai Divatia, Mr. Justice Lokur, Mr. N. C. Mehta and Mr. Govardhandas Sonawala.

Earlier, Mr. K. M. Munshi, Chairman of the Bhavan, in welcoming the guests reviewed the progress made by the Bhavan in various fields of activity and thanked the several donors who had helped the institution with large sums of money.

Justice Lokur, proposing a vote of thanks to Sardar Vallabhbhai, eulogised his services to the country.

Five Br. Soldiers Wouded

ALEXANDRIA, July 13 (Reuter): Five British soldiers were wounded when three hand grenades were thrown outside a police station in Cecil Street in Alexandria last night.

British military police and Egyptian police officials who earlier in the evening had prayed together with King Farouk are investigating the incident.

WHY CAN'T GOA FOLLOW BALLIA AND SATARA?

Lohia Exposes Church's Attempt To Mix Up Religion With Politics

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia, in the course of a statement on the three-week old struggle for civil liberties in Portuguese Goa, declares that the people are determined to nurture the passion that warmed their blood on June 18 in spite of the "last acts of wanton decadence" of the Portuguese authorities.

Dr. Lohia points out that attempts are being made in Goa to mislead the Christian youth by denouncing Dr. Lohia as a Hindu trying to destroy the Catholic faith or as a Bolshevik and adds that "if the Goan Church has decided to mix up religion with politics of a heinous type, it is time for Catholics all over the country to pull it back from its suicidal venture. Nobody endangers the Catholic religion except those who use it for maintaining white supremacy."

Dr. Lohia continues: "The Portuguese will go as the British will go, but this is not yet a 'Quit Goa' struggle. The "Quit Goa" sentiment is strong and it will grow, but the time for its active expression is not yet come. The "Quit Goa" struggle can only be timed with the quit Hindustan struggle. I counsel the more energetic youth of Goa to express their enthusiasm for the recovery of civic rights and the like and to organise their strength for any revolutionary crisis that may come in the future. That Goa will be free when Hindustan is free is undoubtedly true. But in that thought lies inaction and death. Why should not Goa strive for freedom same as Ballia and Satara do.

RECOVER CIVIC RIGHTS

"In fact, Goa is in the lucky position of combining the powerful assault of Ballia with the continuing tenacity of Satara. Goa can bring the freedom of Hindustan nearer, even if it be by a day. But that is all in the future. For the present, the Goans must recover their civic rights. In this, they must learn to stand on their own strength and not cast lingering looks on this leader or that outside Goa. They have got the powerful support of Mahatma Gandhi and nothing else matters.

"Even if they had not got it, they should still have striven for what is right. What decides the fate of peoples is not support from outside but the strength and capacity for action that is in them. I had warned the Goans while I was in Goa to bring out their own strength and forget what leaders outside may say or do and I repeat the warning.

"Goa may be a minor pimple but it is a pimple that disfigures the face of Hindustan more than that other pimple of Kashmir. The mind of man is shackled more in Goa than elsewhere. A sensitive Goan is stirred into passionate revolt against these infamous laws of thought control. Goa once stirred is on test. Its young men and women must not fail. They must carry on with the struggle. These infamous laws must go."

MUDALIAR TO BE MYSORE DEWAN?

MADRAS, July 14, (A.P.I.): The "Associated Press of India" understands that Sir A. Ramaswami Mudaliar, former Member of the Viceroy's Executive Council, Leader of the Indian Delegations to San Francisco and President of the Economic and Social of the United Nations Organisation, is likely to accept the Dewanship of the State of Mysore, when it falls vacant.

"SALUTE KASHMIR" DAY ON JULY 21

Communists And Supporters Asked To Organise Meetings

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Mr. P. C. Joshi, General Secretary, Communist Party of India, has issued an appeal calling on all his party units and supporters to organise "Salute Kashmir" meetings on July 21 or any other day following.

Mr. Joshi in a statement says on July 22 Sheikh Abdullah is to be put up for trial in Kashmir, and the Princes and their White protectors should be made to realise that freedom-loving India regard the struggle of freedom-seeking Kashmiris as part of its own struggle. "We salute the National Conference for being the first to start the people's struggle against one of the biggest of the 565 British puppets that are the Indian princes," says Mr. Joshi and adds that "to help the people of Kashmir win their battle is to help the bigger battle of the liberation of one-fourth of our people who live in the States."

GOVERNMENT'S STRANGLE-HOLD ON CURRENCY

Federation Of Indian Chambers, Indict Import Control Policy

NEW DELHI, July 14 (A.P.I.): The Committee of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, in a letter to the Government of India criticise their import control policy which they say is generally believed to be dominated by one consideration only and that is to canalise all possible orders for capital equipment to the United Kingdom irrespective of the reactions of such a policy on India's industrial development. The committee quote the Finance Member who in his last budget speech, stated that "India is far from having exhausted the sum of 20,000,000 Dollars specially earmarked to pay for capital equipment required by her from non-sterling countries for her post-war industrial development".

IRON HAND POLICY

The Committee argue that the policy followed by Government in allowing Indian Industrialists to import from non-sterling are countries has been such as to rule out any possibility of the orders reaching this figure. The Committee give instances in which they say importers were asked to locate their supplies in the U. K. even though capital goods available in hard currency area countries were cheaper by about 40 per cent, more efficient and up to the specifications required to fit in the units already in existence in the country. In many cases, applications for capital goods from non-Sterling area countries were turned down on the plea that the requirements were not urgent and, therefore, could wait till such time as sterling area was in a position to supply them. Moreover, the fact that all the importers were asked to specify reasons for 'not purchasing' a particular plant within the sterling area, acted as a damper on prospective importers.

RELEASE RESTRICTIONS

The Committee state that the sum of Dollars 20,000,000 was not fully utilised not because there was no demand in the country for such capital goods or because Indian industrialists were reluctant to import such equipment from hard currency countries, but because it was the deliberate policy of Government. They suggest that, in order to improve matters, Government should issue licences freely till the amount of Dollars 20,000,000 is exhausted and also allow free imports of capital goods from any country which is in a position to supply India's demands.

SHOULD DO BETTER IN SECOND TEST

Badcock Impressed By India's Care-Free Batting

COLOMBO, July 14, (A.P.I.): Captain F. T. Badcock, former New Zealand Test cricketer, who is under engagement with the Ceylon Cricket Association to serve as coach, arrived here yesterday by air from Bombay. Badcock is a first rate all-rounder, having played in seven Test matches in New Zealand and has an excellent wartime record in England. He paid a tribute to the performance of All-India Cricket team now touring England. Referring to their defeat in the first Test at Lord's he said though India was beaten by ten wickets and England's victory seemed very decisive on paper, the Indians fared far better than the scores would indicate. Given better luck and profiting by the experience which they had since gained on first wickets, they should do much better in the second Test. The care-free manner in which they opened the second innings at Lord's impressed him very much.

WEST INDIES TEAM'S TOUR OF INDIA

Venue And Gate Money Schedule Drawn Up

MADRAS, July, 13 (A.P.I.): Mr. K. S. Ranga Rao, Honorary Secretary, Board of Control for Cricket in India, has addressed the following communication to all cricket associations relating to the tour of the West Indies team in 1946/47.

"Enclosed please find a list giving names of fixtures and venue which is drawn up by me and approved by the President. Please note that this is subject to the approval of our board and the West Indies board. Kindly let the board have your views on this through your representative or by letter."

The following are Serial No. of matches, No. of Days, Centre and a guarantee amount.

1. Sind Cricket Assn. 3 days Karachi Rs. 5,000.
2. Northern India C.A. 3 days Lahore Rs. 5,000.
3. N.W.F.P C. A. 2 days Peshawar Rs 3,000.
4. Southern Punjab C.A. 3 days Patiala Rs. 5,000.
5. Delhi and Dist. C.A. 3 days Delhi Rs. 3,500.
6. Gwalior C.A. 2 days Gwalior Rs 3,000.
7. Rajputana C.A. 3 days Ajmer Rs. 3,500.
8. Gujerat C.A. 2 days Ahmedabad Rs. 3,000.
9. Kathiawar C.A. 3 days Rajkot Rs. 5,000.
10. Nawanagar S.C.A. 3 days Jamnagar Rs. 5,000.
11. Baroda S.C.A. 3 days Baroda Rs. 5,000.
12 Maharshtra C.A. 3 days Poona Rs. 5,000.
13. Cricket Club of India 3 days Bombay Rs. 5,000.
14. Bombay C. A 3 days Bombay Rs. 30,000.
15. Test Match 4 days Bombay Nil
16. Bengal C.A. 3 days Calcutta Rs. 25,000.
17. Test Match 4 days Calcutta Nil.
18. Bihar C.A. 2 days Jamshedpur Rs. 3,000.
19. U. P. Cricket A 3 days Lucknow Rs. 3,000.
20. Holkar S.C.A. 3 days Indore Rs. 5,000.
21. C. P. and Berar C. 2 days Nagpur Rs. 3,000.
22. Hyderabad S. C.A. 3 days Hydreabad Rs. 5,000.
23 Mysore S.C.A. 3 days Bangalore Rs. 3.000.
24. Madras C.A. 3 days Madras Rs 15,000.
25 Test Match 4 days Madras Nil.
26. Combined University 3 days (venue to be fixed by the Inter-University Board) Rs. 5,000.
27. Ceylon C.A. 3 days Colombo Rs. 5,000.

Total: 27 matches, 79 days Rs 1,58,000.

"FURTHER TIGHTEN FOOD CONTROL"

Lady Rama Rau Pleads For Improving Procurement System

BOMBAY, Sunday.

On behalf of the Bombay Branch of the All-India Women's Conference, 'Food Day' was observed this evening at Anand Bhuvan, Vithalbhai Patel Road. Mr. Dinkar Rao Desai, Minister, Civil Supplies, who was expected to preside could not be present. Hence, Lady Rama Rau was voted to the chair.

Speaking about the grave situation due to the scarcity of food, Lady Rama Rau suggested possibilities to further tighten procurement and ration controls. She made certain concrete suggestions to alleviate sudden local shortages of grains. At Restaurants, she said, food should not be served, even once a day without the production of a card, specified for the purpose by Government.

Concluding she suggested reducing the rations of the rich, who could afford to purchase fruits and increasing the quota of the poor.

On behalf of the Parel Mahila Sangh there was a petition, acquainting the Minister of Civil Supplies with the food situation in Bombay, especially the Parel locality. The Sangh is willing to post its volunteers at Government grain shops to stop black-marketing, favouritism, indecent talks and other mal-practices of the shop owners, the petition said.

It requested that steps be taken to control the prices of products like moong matki, charoli and gur.

Smt. Vimala Ranadive, Secretary of the Bombay Branch of Women's Central Committee, organised an interesting show depicting the sufferings of the poor.

Miss Kapila Khandwala thanked the president.

46 Entries For I.F.A. Shield

CALCUTTA, July 14 (A.P.I.)—Forty-six entries have been accepted for the I.F.A. shield tournament this year, the drawing for which took place last evening.

Twenty-two are outstation teams. All the old local sides figure in the first round while most of the visiting sides will make their debit in the second round.

Prominent outstation teams are:—Trades India Club, Bombay, Delhi Moghuls and I. E. M. E. from Vizagapatam. The tournament will start on July 25.

RELIEF TO BENGAL DISTRICTS

Rs. 1,36,00,000 Allotted Since April Last

CALCUTTA, July 14, (A.P.I.): The Government of Bengal have allotted since April this year Rs. 1,36,00,000 for relief in the districts through the Directorate of Relief and Rehabilitation.

The distribution of the amount by District Collectors is made by way of agricultural and land improvement loans (55 lakhs), gratuitious relief (36 lakhs) unemployment relief scheme (19 lakhs), interest free housebuilding loans (14 lakhs), test works (7.1/2 lakhs) and housebuilding grants (2 1/2 lakhs).

FIRST COME FIRST SERVED
ARRIVED LITTLE STOCK OF
AMERICAN FOUNTAIN PENS
PRABHAT STORES,
Vithalbhai Patel Road, opp: Chanda Ramji Girls High School, Bombay 4.

BOOKS
By Dr. K. V. MATHEW, Travancore.

(1) PRACTICAL REJUVENATION
1946 Edn. Rs. 3/12
'Of immense practical help and service to most men who have begun to feel afraid of the chilling hand of senility."
—"MORNING STAR"

(2) BIRTH CONTROL
1946 Edn. Rs. 2/8
"The book is intensely practical and every reader will find it a very useful manual on the subject."
—"THE HINDU"

(3) CAUSES AND CURE OF STERILITY.
1946 Edn. Rs. 3/12
"Deals with all the aspects of sterility in men and women and indicates some sure practical methods based on his extensive medical experience and observation. It is a helpful book written in an equally helpful manner which should prove a boon to every sterile couple."
—"THE ORIENT"

HEALTH BOOK STALL
7, Krishnan Koil Street, G. T. MADRAS.

MONEY ADVANCED
Immediately on interest against personal security Shops mortgage, share (private) stock. Gold. Insurance policy or any other security.
C. R. MEHTA,
Insurance Agent,
236, Kalbadevi Rd. (T. N. 23560)

DASHLIGHT MANTLES
FITS ALL INCANDESCENT LAMPS & LANTERNS
UNRIVALLED FOR BRILLIANT SERVICE & LONG LIFE
RADHA KANTO BOSE & SONS LTD.
211, OLD CHINA BAZAR ST., CALCUTTA

Before going out

Pat the skin with little KASHMIR snow and smooth it on until completely vanishes. You will protect your skin from sun, wind or rain, besides giving it new Beauty and Softness. It is the simplest beauty treatment for all complexion.
Kashmir SNOW

Mfd. by: THE NATIONAL TRADING CO.
MANGALDAS RD., BOMBAY 2.

RANJIT'S Social Hit
DHARTI
MUMTAZ SHANTI, TRILOK KAPOOR, PADMA BANERJI
Director MANIBHAI VYAS
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 4, 7 & 10
Ad. Booking: 9-30 to 12-30 & 3 to 6-30

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, July 14 (A.P.I.)

Following is weather chart showing the Maximum and Minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past twenty-four hours from first June 1946 and departure from normal recorded at 8 hours I S T on 14th July 1946:

Ahmedabad 95 80 0 5.2 plus 3.7 Allahabad 89 77 0 qeum M plus 2.8 Bangalore 84 65 0.2 3.7 minus 1.0 Baroda 92 79 0 13.4 Nil Bhopal 87 74 0 14.9 plus 0.5 BOMBAY 58 78 0.1 26.9 minus 5.3 Calcutta 80 76 0.4 14.0 minus 3.6 Cawnpore 93 78 0.5 10.4 plus 3.6 Cherrapunji 71 64 2.3 186.4 plus 28.4 Cochin 83 72 0.3 51.1 plus 11.9 Colombo 82 75 1.0 10.0 minus 0.9 Cuttack 80 77 1.0 20.9 plus 5.5 Delhi 101 75 0 7.7 plus 1.0 Hyderabad (Dn) 91 77 0 5.1 minus 1.7 Indore 86 72 0 23.6 plus 13.0 Jamshedpur 89 74 2.5 20.6 Nil Karachi 88 82 1.3 minus 0.7 Kodaikanal 62 53 0 5.4 minus 1.0 Lahore 106 82 0 6.5 plus 2.4 Lucknow 93 75 0 12.9 plus 3.3 Madras 99 83 0 0.5 minus 2.9 Mahableshwar 66 62 0.7 80.4 minus 1.4 Ootacamund 66 51 0.2 5.5 minus 3.9 Pachmarhi 77 69 0 16.9 minus 2.9 Patna 89 79 0.6 8.9 minus 3.5 Peshawar 107 77 T 0.1 minus 0.7 Poona 86 72 01 3.2 minus 4.1 Quetta 95 55 0 0.2 0 Raichur 95 77 0 6.0 plus 1.6 Shillong 74 65 0 34.3 plus 8.7 Sholapur 94 72 0 7.5 plus 1.3 Simla 74 55 0.3 17.9 plus 4.2 Srinagar 94 61 0 2.4 plus 0.1 Surat 88 81 0 16.0 minus 0.7

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Among the many different mistakes made by those who take life as it comes, and do not pause to consider, I should say that scarcely any thing is so detrimental as this, that we do not know either how to confer or how to receive a benefit.

—Seneca.

The Bombay Chronicle

DANGERS WITHIN

In the leading article in the current issue of "Harijan" under the caption "The Real Danger" Gandhiji points out that, whatever may be the danger to India now from without, say, from British imperialists, what we need to fear more, "as every army must, is the danger from within". Referring in particular to the people's attitude to the Constituent Assembly, he says: "If the Constituent Assembly fizzles out, it will not be because the British are wicked every time. It will be because we are fools or, shall I say, even wicked? Whether we are fools or wicked or both, I am quite clear that we must look for danger from within not fear the danger from without". What precisely are the dangers from within? "The first in importance", says Gandhiji, comes out of "the smug satisfaction that Congressmen having suffered imprisonment have nothing more to do to win freedom and that a grateful organisation should reward their service by giving them first preference in the matter of elections and offices". The result is that there is "an unseemly and vulgar competition for gaining what are described as prize posts". There is no doubt that for the elections to the Constituent Assembly down to the smallest Congress Committees attempts have been and are being made to encash, so to say, the past sacrifices of Congress candidates without any regard for the specialised ability that is demanded for the offices in question. The Congress High Command, therefore, has had to make special efforts to ensure the services of experts and representatives of small but important minority interests in the Constituent Assembly, though the gesture of generosity is capable of being sometimes misplaced, as in the case of some Zamindars nominated by certain Congress organisations. Not less harmful than the claim for reward for past services to the Congress is the insistence on proportional communal representation on all Congress Committees, not only by major communities but even by small castes and subcastes. In too many places such insistence has created a foul atmosphere of communal rancour, weakened the influence of Congress and reduced the efficiency of their work. The present time demands sustained constructive work by Congress and it is urgently necessary to eliminate every kind of communalism and the tendency to regard Congress offices as rewards for past services instead of opportunities for fresh service by men with requisite competence.

Another danger from within that Gandhiji scents is the possible result of vague revolutionary slogans in shaking people's faith in the established Congress policy of non-violence He says: "The friends who opposed the resolution on the British Cabinet delegation's proposal do not seem to know what they are aiming at. Is independence to be bought at the price of a bloody revolution, as was, say, the French, the Soviet or even the English? Then frank and honest work has yet to begin. They have to tread a very dangerous path in openly making the Congress such an institution". Any change in the Congress policy in achieving independence is out of the question when independence itself is under negotiation, even apart from the dangers of changing horses in mid-stream. As regards the precise nature of the independence, Gandhiji is, we think, but partially right when he says that "Congressmen in general certainly do not know the kind of independence they want" and that they "recite the formula almost parrot like". Congressmen in general mean by independence complete freedom from British or any other alien control, a freedom which permits of voluntary obligations to Britain or other countries in the interests of world peace. The details or even the outlines of such a free constitution are naturally not clear to Congressmen in general and are to be now defined by the Constituent Assembly.

Is the objective, whatever its precise nature, within our grasp? says Gandhiji. "The British will go in any case. They want to go in an orderly manner, as is evident to me from the State paper or they will go and leave India to her own fate, assuming that India has forsaken the path of non-violence with the certain result of a combined intervention of an assortment of armed powers." The dangers of forsaking non-violence cannot be denied, whatever forms it takes. But one cannot be too sure of the British wanting to withdraw all control over India. It is up to the Constituent Assembly to be sufficiently united and determined to make it impossible for Britain to deny India her independence. It may not be easy for the Assembly, as contemplated by the Cabinet Mission, to do that. But it is not impossible for the Assembly, backed by the country, to assert itself against all possible difficulties that may be thrown in its way by imperialist interests in Britain. If the Assembly fizzles out, it will certainly be due less to Britain than to the dangers from within.

Hindustani In Colleges

Addressing the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan's new college at Andheri on Saturday, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel pointed out that, as the Bombay University courses were prescribed in English, it was difficult to introduce Hindustani as a medium of instruction. But he rightly suggested that it was the duty of every student in the Bhavan's college that he should master the national language and that all functions should as far as possible be conducted in Hindustani or in any of the Indian languages. Even apart from the limitations of the University courses, it is possible and desirable for college like this to devise ways and means to get every one of its students to acquire at least a working knowledge of Hindustani. Thereafter, if not even now, it should be possible for the college to give some of the lectures, say, on History in Hindustani. The University in its turn should, without further delay, permit the use of the regional languages of the Province, including Hindi and Urdu, as medium of instruction and examination. It should also give Hindi and Urdu at least the same status that it has given foreign languages like French and German by enabling candidates for the Matriculation and the higher Arts examinations to offer Hindi or Urdu as a Second Language in lieu of French or German, those students who already offer Hindi or Urdu as their mother tongue being enabled to offer additional Hindi or Urdu as Second Language. This valuable and simple reform has long been overdue and should no longer be delayed.

Frankly Speaking

Undemocratic And Unjust

India has reason to give a special place in her estimation to Mr. Emanuel Celler, the American Democrat and member of the House of Representatives. He has consistently sympathised with this country and its aspirations. Indeed, it is Mr. Celler who sponsored the Indian Immigration Bill which has just become law. All this makes the average Indian regret even more that a man of Mr Celler's democratic principles should desert these principles completely where the rights of the Arabs of Palestine are concerned. He passionately opposed the American Loan to Britain. And he was perfectly entitled to do so if he felt that, on merits, the British did not deserve U. S. financial assistance. But his one, and, apparently, only ground of opposition is that the British are not dumping European Jews upon Palestine as fast as he would wish them to do. Here is his amazing argument: "If the Irish resorted to violence in the cause of freedom, the Jews can do no less Millions of Jews are perishing that might have been saved had the British opened the doors of Palestine to them." Is there any principle of democracy or justice under which the Jews of Europe can be considered citizens of Palestine as the Irish of Eire? Can it be honestly denied that European Jews have been nationals of Europe for over a thousand years and that Arabs have been nationals of Palestine for over a thousand years and that the land belongs to those who have lived, worked and died in it all these thousand years? There is no friend of Jews who can say "no" to the first and "yes" to the second question without outraging his conscience and his sense of honesty.

The Duty Of Others

Mr. Celler also talked of the plight of European Jews, a tragic plight certainly and admittedly. But his humane feelings rushed to batter the "doors" of the poor Arabs instead of hammering or even knocking, at Mr. Cellar's own American doors, inside which Mr. Celler and Mr. Truman can save from "perishing" not 100,000 but one million Jews, thus rendering a humane service to the remaining nine hundred thousand Jews, whose plight these gentlemen seem strangely to ignore! Nor do the friends of Jews face the main issue, which is to make every country in Europe safe for its centuries old Jewish nationals. Mr. Celler and his friends whose sympathy for Jews begins and ends at some other people's homeland, Palestine, will probably denounce Dr. Israel Mattuck, Rabbi of the Liberal Jewish Synagogue of London. Nevertheless we commend to Americans his broad hint, however embarrassing and uncomfortable it may be to them, that Palestine alone cannot save the Jews. Palestine, indeed, should not be called upon to do anything more, it has already suffered enough to expiate the sins of Mr. Celler's European brothers, sins with which it had nothing to do. Humanitarianism is an admirable virtue, but that humanitarianism is sheer brutality which seeks to gratify itself through inhumanitarianism against others, against innocent Arabs. And humanitarianism, like charity, should begin at home, the home of Messrs. Truman and Cellers, the home, which is so vast, so rich and with such capacity for the absorption of millions here and now.

Anglo-Egyptian Negotiations

Reuter's Alexandria correspondent reports "a well-informed Egyptian in close touch with the Egyptian treaty delegation", saying that the Anglo-Egyptian Treaty will be signed before July 25, that, in fact, it is already "as good as signed." An optimistic atmosphere is being created and advance publicity to the success of the negotiations is being given in such a manner as to raise suspicions regarding the kind of treaty that is going to emerge. This suspicion is sharpened by reports of a vast round-up in Egypt of "subversive" elements and suppression of newspapers including the Wafd and Kotla organs. The Egyptian delegation contains, of course, some opposition representatives, too, though not the Wafdists. And they may be expected to see that the terms of the Treaty are not prejudicial to Egypt. The Treaty will, however, be judged by the sole standard of whether it concedes to Egypt full and unconditional sovereign independence including rights of defence, without any commitments restrictive of Egypt's sovereignty.

Our Readers' Views

Wheat Flour

Sir,—"CITIZEN", whose letter on wheat flour was published in your issue of July 10 is wrong in supposing that the imported wheat flour is now given to bakers. If he has not read carefully the Press Note issued on the subject I might now inform him that this flour is given to bakers for making baker's bread.

It is certainly true that this imported white wheat flour is not and cannot be as nutritious as wholemeal flour and also that the majority of chapati eaters are not used to white flour for making chapatis. But the plain fact is that this flour is received from overseas as part of the wheat quota promised to India and we have got to accept it. Neither the Government of Bombay nor the Government of India is in a position to tell the overseas countries that they shall send us only wholemeal flour. What the householders can, however, do is to mix this white flour with the flour of wheat which they get ground at the local Chakkis and to prepare chapatis from the mixed flour.

G. G. GOKHALE
Public Relations Officer
(Rationing)

Bombay, July 13.

Communist Or Trotskyite?

Sir,—In your issue of 9th instant, Mr. Mohan Kumarmangalam, the Indian "Communist" has "disowned" Tan MaLacca, the Indonesian "extremist" leader as a Trotskyite. Perhaps, he is right. Tan MaLacca has been described by Reuter as "leader of the Indonesian Communists". But the local Stalinists have denounced him as a "Trotskyist". Who is right—Reuter or Mohan Kumarmangalam?

The answer is: both! Reuter does not distinguish between Stalinism and Trotskyism. But the Stalinist do and also the Trotskyists. A Trotskyist is a communist who stands for intransigeant class struggle in the perspective of a world revolution. A Stalinist is a "communist" (member of the "Communist" parties) who has abandoned the class struggle and world revolution for class collaboration in the interests of the reactionary Soviet bureaucracy. This distinction is well known today throughout the world revolutionary movement.

U. S. RAO.

Cocoanut Oil

Sir,—Some of your correspondents have rightly expressed the view that, granting that there is a scarcity of cocoanut oil, the present shortage has been made more acute by officials who lack imagination.

I humbly make the following suggestions and hope the P.R.O. and other officers concerned may consider them so as to relieve oil-starved people of the extreme hardship they experience.

(a) The quota of cocoanut oil to soap and toilet factories should be forthwith reduced until supplies are again plentiful: the commodity is a food which is more important than scented soaps and hair oils.

(b) The oil should be distributed at once per week per head of the family for at least three cards belonging to members of the same household: there are servantless families most of the members of which are dispersed during the day at work, school or college.

(c) The oil should be distributed essentially for cooking purposes only: the more generous of our brethren should sometimes refrain from taking their quota if they use it only for purposes other than cooking.

(d) Policemen and officials, whether in uniform or not, as well as the dependents of members of the staffs of Government Shops should be requested to take their proper places in the queues awaiting their quota of oil.

G. V. W. RAO.

Bombay, July 12.

Imperial Bank

Sir,—Now that Sir William Lumond has retired and Mr. A. E. Chisholm has taken his place, I trust Indians will get fair play in the Imperial Bank. The former Chairman of the Imperial Bank Mr. Bunbury and after him Mr. Wright made important pronouncement bearing on the question of Indianisation. If the former authorities had followed the policy of Indianisation in the right spirit and raised Indians to positions of responsibility and created contentment-Indians in the Bank would not be comparatively in subordinate posts, but the fact is that no Indian has risen to any reasonable level of substantive salary no Indian has been given a position of any great importance in the organisation and what is more, the general feeling among Indian members of the staff has been such that many have left the services without regard to pension and other material benefits which they have thereby had to forego. We trust that Mr. Chisholm has also made up his mind to improve the conditions in the Bank and make of Indianisation a live policy instead of a hollow make-believe

The facts are that while Europeans with 20 years' service get from Rs. 2,000 to Rs. 3,000 as salary Indians get Rs. 450 although a few of them are getting Rs. 600 to Rs. 700.

"Indian Finance dated the 4th August, 11th August and 25th August 1945 shows the miserable plight of the 2nd grade and 1st grade Assistants who for a number of years have received no promotion. 197 European officers of the Bank absorbed Rs. 40,00,000 per year while 250 Indian Assistants received only Rs. 14,00,000 as salaries.

PRO BONO PUBLICO.

Simla.

U.S.A. Immigration Laws

Sir,—Some of the Indians who have married and have children in U.S.A., and who have established in farms, industries and universities are badly hit by immigration laws and discriminatory acts of U.S. Government.

I am sure if sufficient organised propaganda in the right way is carried within India, the good Americans would write to their legislators and amend their laws. Unfortunately these foreigners in India don't read our national papers like yours and don't know our sentiments.

FAKRUDIN.

Baroda.

INDIA AND THE ARAB WORLD

Need For Cultivating Goodwill Diligently

(By Iqbal Singh)

Possibly as a minor concession to the "QUIT EGYPT" sentiment, the passengers aboard our ship were not allowed to go ashore at Port Said to indulge in the customary orgy of shopping. This fact, however, did not prevent the indefatigable agents of the local department store from bringing their way on to the ship. Two of these men even managed to travel with us all the way down the Canal to Suez. In the course of a somewhat incoherent conversation with one of them I was able to ascertain what the average Egyptian to-day thinks of the relative virtues of the nationals of India, America, Russia and Britain. The Indians, he observed, were good people, for they were fighting the British. The Americans were no good, though they had a lot of money. The Russians he had never met. And his remarks about the British were unprintable.

It would be pleasant to think that this refreshingly frank and essentially shrewd judgment represented the views of the politically influential elements in the Arab World. Unfortunately, that is not the case. There are several complicating factors which make the outlook of those responsible for guiding the destinies of the Arab Nations far more confused than that of the Arab masses.

"THROAT OF BRITISH EMPIRE"

This confusion is not an accidental or arbitrary phenomenon. In a profound sense, it reflects the peculiarly equivocal position which the Arab countries occupy in the existing pattern of power. Geographically these countries form a loose chain of satellite States stretching over an area of the greatest strategic importance, dominating sea and air routes vital to Britain as a world power. No less a person than the present British Foreign Secretary has described these territories, with his characteristic love of homely metaphor, as the "throat of the British Empire". In their political anatomy, they may be regarded as a kind of semi-colonial isthmus which at once links and divides Britain's colonial possessions in Asia and Africa.

The British policy in the Near and Middle East during the past seventy years has undergone many formal variations but never deviated from its basic imperialist aim of keeping the Arab world under British tutelage. From Disraeli's financial jugglery down to the pseudo-romantic Pre-Arabism of Lawrence and the firm correctness of the superior man examplified by Allenby's he-man tactics, the British have evolved new methods but never altered in their fundamental intentions. These intentions still remain the same, despite Mr. Ernest Bevin's passion for dispensing freedom and democracy to the Muslim world. When divested of the altruistic verbiage in which they are often cloaked, they involve the freezing of these countries in an indeterminate status which while permitting them all the formal glories and ceremonious satisfactions of independence, leaves the decisive reality of power in British hands.

ARAB LEAGUE.

It has to be acknowledged that this British policy has not been wholly unsuccessful in its purpose. For if there is one thing worse than subjection it is the illusion of freedom. The origins of the Arab League as a regional political entity are, partly at any rate, traceable to this highly infectious illusion. Cynical observers of Arab affairs have irreverently suggested that the Arab League is the offspring of Britain's imperial indiscretions in the Near and Middle East. They attribute its paternity to Lord Lloyd and give Moyne (who was a Guinness, but by no means good) the credit of having been the midwife who brought the League to birth.

This is obviously an over-simplification. Yet it is indisputable that during its formative phase, the conception of an Arab Federation was sympathetically fostered by the bright backroom boys of the British Foreign Office who saw in such regional grouping an ideal mechanism not only for stabilising Britain's influence in these regions, but also for expropriating the French from their Levantine possessions and keeping the Russians at bay. They no doubt visualised the Arab League as a kind of Little Entente of the Near and Middle East and hoped that, just as the latter served as a pliable tool of Quai d'Orsay in Central and South-Eastern Europe, so the Arab Entente would fulfil the role of a watch-dog for the British imperialist interests. They calculated that by playing on the vanities and weaknesses of the ruling Arab monarchs and middle class politicians, Britain could strengthen its position in the Eastern Mediterranean and Red Sea zones while at the same time pose as the champion of Arab resurgence. And these calculations proved to be almost correct.

Almost, but not quite. For such is the logic of the present historical situation that even the most half-hearted and equivocal attempt to give expression to the idea of Arab unity is bound to come up sooner or later against the hard reality of Britain's imperialist stranglehold over the Arab countries. And this, in its turn, must inevitably stimulate the growth of militant trends in Arab Nationalism. This is precisly what has happened. From its very inception, a duality of outlook began to articulate itself within the Arab League. The dominant and official section of the League, it is true, continues to believe in diplomacy by means of whisky and buffet dinners and hopes to achieve Arab independence through adjustments and compromises with the Western Powers. At the same time, however, a radical wing has emerged within the Arab League which favours a fundamental reorientation of Arab policy and linking of the Arab Liberation Movement with other anti-imperialist forces in the world.

JAWAHARLAL'S POPULARITY

The present situation was explained to me at some length by Mr. Edward Atiyah of the Arab Office in London who himself represents this new and healthier trend in Arab politics. The Arab League, he argued, was originally meant for the purpose of "regulating" the relations of the Arab countries with the West; it was felt that a federation of Arab States would increase the bargaining power of the Arabs 'vis-a-vis' Europe, which means principally Britain. Hardly any thought was given to the task of establishing relations with our Eastern neighbours and countries like Russia, China and India. However, the younger elements in the Arab political world are no longer satisfied with this narrow conception of Arab foreign policy. They intensely desire new definition of Arab loyalties and feel that the ultimate liberation of the Arab peoples is impossible without joining hands with other Asiatic nations struggling for freedom. It is symptomatic of this new tendency in Arab political thought, he added, that Jawharlal Nehru is one of the most popular authors among the younger Arab intelligentsia today.

This process of reorientation of Arab loyalties is still in its initial stages. As the Arab peoples become progressively disillusioned with British promises, it is certain that they will look increasingly towards India and other Asiatic countries for friendship. However, it would be unwise to assume that the Arab countries will automatically become our close allies, that there is no need for effort and reciprocity on our part. In international relations, even where there is complete identity of politico-economic interests, reciprocity is the very essence of enduring alliances. Consequently, there is urgent need for taking active steps to establish direct contacts between India and the Arab world. So far, although the Congress has consistently declared its support and sympathy for Arab aspirations as a matter of theoretical policy, it has done little by way of establishing effective liaison with the Arab movement. It is imperative to adopt a more active policy in relation to our Arab neighbours.

INDIA MUST CULTIVATE GOODWILL

The urgency of the need for an active policy is further emphasised by a recent and dangerous development to which attention must be drawn. During the past twelve months attempts have been made by certain innocent dupes of the Muslim League in London to enlist the support of the Legations and Embassies of the Near and Middle Eastern countries for Pakistan by harping on the theme of Islamic solidarity. Until now their exertions have evoked little response, except from what Mr. Atiyah once picturesquely described as the "lunatic fringe of the Arab movement". Official spokesmen of the Arab Office in London have told the League representatives in no uncertain terms that the Arab movement is fundamentally non-communal in form and secular in content; and that, while it has natural cultural interest in Indian Islam, politically it recognises only the Congress as the leader of the Indian Freedom Movement and will not be involved in questions which are India's domestic concern.

However, we live in a world where unreason is at a premium and moods of irrationality possess a high degree of contagiousness. Moreover, in the absence of accurate information, it is easy to mislead people. It is, therefore, essential that the Congress should realise its responsibility and take immediate action in the matter. India today enjoys a great measure of goodwill among the Arab nations. But goodwill has to be cultivated diligently before it can be transformed into bonds of friendship and solidarity.—(Copyright).

RADICAL FILES NOMINATION PAPER

POONA, July 13 (A.P.I.): The nomination paper of Mr. M. R Dalvi, member of the Central Executive Council of the Radical Democratic Party and a prominent Labour worker of Nasik was filed today for election to the Constituent Assembly from Bombay.

"SUFFICIENT DEGREE OF SUCCESS"

Br. Press Reaction To Foreign Ministers Conference

LONDON, July 14, (Reuter): Restrained approval tempered with slight misgivings over certain points characterises the reaction of leading British Sunday newspapers to the results of the Foreign Ministers Conference which has just finished in Paris.

The diplomatic correspondent of the Conservative "Sunday Times" writes: "Despite the failure of the Foreign Ministers to agree over Austria and Germany on which there is complete deadlock, it is felt in diplomatic quarters in London that the Conference had had a sufficient degree of success."

ABSENCE OF BIG POWER VETO

Speaking of the forthcoming Peace Conference in Paris, the correspondent says: "One interesting aspect of the Conference will be the absence of the Big Power to veto. A sample majority vote will decide procedural matters adn two-thirds vote will be needed on matters of substance The Great Powers have no right of veto, but it must not be forgotten that under the Moscow Agreement they reserve for themselves the last word on the final text of treaties.

"An interesting situation is likely to develop if smaller states decide to challenge, as they may well do, some of the decisions reached in Paris."

Leading article in the Sunday newspaper 'Observer' states: "In the atmosphere of suspicion that has dominated the Conference it has been inevitable for each party to attribute ulterior motives to the other and to see others—policy as opportunist and arbitrary. Western opinion, especially has attributed the recurrent deadlocks to tactical manoeuvring and the customary heavy foctedness of Russian diplomacy. But, in fact, a formidable logic and consistency of Soviet policy have emerged from the Paris Conference in clearer lines than ever before."

RUSSIA'S TWO OBJECTIVES

This policy reveals two general objectives, continues the article, "the first being "maintenance of 'Big Three' Directorate". The Soviet Foreign Minister, M. Molotov has "shown his desire to keep control of the affairs in the hands of the Security Council against the Assembly and of the 'Big Three' against the 'the Big Four or Five'. Repugnant as it has now become to Eastern opinion, it is a policy on the basis of which it has hitherto proved not impossible to achieve 'modus vivendi' between Russia and the West."

The second objective, continues the article, is exaction of heaviest reparations without reference to their economic consequences. But as against this, says the 'Observer' M. Molotov has made important concessions.

Mentioning the provisional withdrawal of major Russian claims in the Mediterranean, the paper says "the most significant of all is the agreement to internationalise Trieste. The proposed Free State of Triste is the first sign since the war ended of stabilisation of balance of power in Europe.

It remains to be seen whether Russia will now subordinate her aim in Germany to the general requirements of the 'Big Three' unity as she has done with respect to her Mediterranean aims. But, if a break has to come, if the Potsdam Agreement is to be finally abandoned and division of Germany between Western and Russian zones is to become formal and irrevocable, this—for all its grave implications—is less dangerous to peace than continuance of the present situation."

Irish Red Cross Hospital For War-time Warsaw

LONDON, July 13. (Reuter): The Irish Red Cross will establish a hospital in Warsaw to alleviate the ravages of war and occupation in the Polish Capital, vatican Radio reported today.

An Irish Red Cross delegation has left for Warsaw to choose a suitable site for the hospital which it is hoped may be opened before next winter, the broadcast added. Doctors, nurses and administrative personnel and the Chaplain will be Irish. The hospital will have 100 beds and out patients' department the radio added.

MORE INCIDENTS IN AHMEDABAD

AHMEDABAD, July 14. (A.P.I.): Stray incidents of Stabbing continue in the city of Ahmedabad which has been experiencing communal trouble for a fortnight.

One person was stabbed and acid was thrown on another this morning. Both of them were admitted into hospital. 22 persons were rounded up by the police from the place of stabbing.

A running truck from which incendiary material was thrown was chased by the police last evening and the driver was taken into custody

Arrangements have been made for delivering letters at Post Office windows, according to the Postmaster-General.

The Central Telegraph Office has engaged the services of 100 extra hands and with their aid, the Post-Master-General said they expected to clear all messages in the usual way.

Reserve police were posted in front of Post Offices to avoid any untoward incidents.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

PARIS, July 13, Mr. James Byrnes, the U. S. Secretary of State, stated here today that the "Big Four" Foreign Ministers' Conference was on the whole a success.

—Reuter

* * *

Addressing a meeting in Hyderabad (Deccan) the Qaid-e-Azam effectively exploded yet another "Hindu" "Slogan", to wit "democracy" which meant only the counting of heads, while stark realities were ignored or forgotten.

The Muslims of Kashmir, it is to be hoped, do not object. And we trust that, in view of the Quid-e-Azam's exposure of the unreality of mere counting of heads, the Sikhs are invited to accept parity with the Muslims in the Punjab.

But we forget, for which we offer 100 million apologies to the Quid-e-Azam. As the great political philosopher and even greater realist he himself emphasised in the same speech, there are in every special area—er—special circumstances. And therefore, quite logically and realistically, the reverse of what applies to Hyderabad should apply to Kashmir and the Punjab.

You see, there is only one stark reality, the rest being "Hindu" slogans.

And that stark reality is: Heads you lose; Tails, the Quid-e Azam wins.

* * *

The Governor of Sind, Sir Francis Mudie, refused to meet Mr. G. M. Syed in connection with the Ministerial situation because, His Excellency said, no useful purpose would be served by it.

We quite agree. The useful purpose could never be served that w

* * *

Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah is disgusted with "the bane of Sind politics". What? The changing of sides? No, oh no, somebody might recall Sir Ghulam Hussain's own—er—mobility. No, "the bane of Sind politics" is the "breaking" of Ministries". And Sir Ghulam won't have it.

He will, therefore, do something about it when the Sind Assembly is called in September. In fact, "If" Sir Ghulam is determined, "we are determined we want new elections and a verdict from the country (sic)".

There will obviously be no other course left for Sir Ghulam to preserve the—er—stability of administration But, of course, it goes without saying that "we want new elections" subject upon the condition that Sir Ghulam and his colleagues are in office during the elections

And, we are sure Sir Francis Mudie will wholeheartedly agree

* * *

The Nawab of Mamdot, President of the Punjab Provincial Muslim League, has issued a statement attacking Jawaharlal, Congress Socialists, and "Hindu" Socialism. Which is all very amusing and entertaining.

But—er—who told the Muslim League Nawab about Saint Simon and Karl Marx?

* * *

Mr. Emanuel Celler the well-known New York Democrat Congressman, opposed the Loan to Britain in the name of persecuted Jewry "If", he declared passionately, "the Irish resorted to violence in the cause of freedom, the Jews can do no less. Millions of Jews are perishing that might have been saved had the British opened the doors of Palestine to them."

Mr. Celler's argument is unassailable. Palestine belongs to the Jews of Europe and to Mr Celler as Eire belongs to the Irish. Clear?

Very well, then If Jews are perishing in Europe, down with the—Arabs of Palestine!

AUSTRALIA'S NEW ROLE

Britain's Bastion In Pacific & Far East

LONDON, July, 14 (Reuter): The development of Australia as a great arsenal and training ground for the armed forces of Britain and the Empire is expected in well-informed Australian quarters, according to the Brisbane representative of the "Sunday Times" in a message in to-day's issue.

He anticipates that Australia would not only become the chief British bastion in the Pacific and the Far East, but a reservoir of power for the whole of the British Commonwealth of Nations.

BRITAIN TOO VULNERABLE

The message says, that Britain cannot remain the geographical centre of the Empire's military activity because the country lacks space for development of rocket projectiles and general training, while in these days of atomic bombs and jet-propelled planes, Britain is considered too close to continental trouble centres an too vulnerable to atomic bombs.

CANBERRA HAS PLANS

Australia has just announced mapping in the Central Australia wasteland of the world's biggest testing range for British rocket projectiles, says a message and almost simultaneously Canberra has revealed plans for a new military college for Australia. Plans are also under consideration for an expanded Royal Australian Air Force.

The message concludes by regretting postponement of the visit of the British Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee to Canberra, where it was expected he would discuss many outstanding details with Mr. Joseph Chiefley and Members of the Australian Cabinet, but adds that the plan is "high on the agenda" of the Imperial Conference and will be adopted "without much delay."

Ambedkarite-Govt. Showdown At Poona Today

Morarji Adamant On Enforcing Ban

HARIJANS REJECT OFFER OF CONDITIONAL SATYAGRAHA

Six Injured In Stone-throwing: Bombay Leader Hurt

POONA, July 14.

Six persons were injured, including Mr. B. K. Gaikwad, former M.L.A. and President of the Bombay Scheduled Castes Federation and the 'Satyagraha' Committee of the Federation, when stones were thrown at a Jatha of nearly 100 volunteers from Nasik and Bombay which arrived from Bombay at the 'Satyagraha' Camp in Bhawani Peth this noon.

GAIKWAD HIT IN THE THIGH

Mr. P. N. Rajbhoj, General Secretary of the All-India Scheduled Castes Federation, says: "The Jatha of nearly one hundred 'Satyagrahis' from Nasik and Bombay arrived at the camp and were busy arranging themselves when unexpectedly stone throwing at the volunteers started. Mr. B. K. Gaikwad, who arrived with the 'Jatha,' went forward to see what was happening and he himself was hit on his thigh. Six volunteers in all received injuries, including Mr. Gaikwad, Mr. A. G. Powar and Mr. Mohite who were taken to the hospital for treatment and who were later allowed to go."

D.M.'S OFFER REJECTED

The "Satyagraha" Committee of the Bombay Provincial Scheduled Castes Federation, decided to "reject the offer made by the District Magistrate allowing conditional Satyagraha."

Mr. B. K. Gaikwad told the "Associated Press of India" that the District Magistrate's offer was "mischievous and insulting." "The only condition that we will voluntarily abide by, as already declared, is that "Satyagraha" shall be completely non-violent and peaceful on our part. It does not become creditable to a Ministry which calls itself 'popular' to have in force such an order depriving the right of citizens to gather and express their feelings publicly. The order itself is a proof that the Ministry is there not because of the voluntary support of all elements in public life, but with the support of the same prohibitory and restrictive orders against which the Congress itself, when out of office, protested horse and wild. This shows that the Congress is afraid of public demonstrations even if they may be peaceful and non-violent."

MAGISTRATE'S ALTERNATIVES

Mr. Corin, District Magistrate, Poona proposing the "conditional offer of Satyagraha" in a letter to Mr. P. N. Rajbhoj had suggested the following two alternatives for the consideration of the Satyagraha Committee.

"(a) Whether to take one—and one only—procession to the Council Hall gates on July 15, such procession to disperse within half an hour on arrival and in no circumstances to be repeated on succeeding days (either in large numbers or by small batches of individual volunteers) or.

(b) Whether to offer daily 'Satyagraha' at places outside the banned area, where your 'Satyagrahis' will be stopped by the police."

In the same letter, Mr. Corin says: "In conclusion, I would invite your most serious attention to the grave responsibility which will rest on you and your committee if you decide to reject my offer. You may be willing to guarantee non-violence on the part of your people. You cannot vouch for the non-violence of the goondas who will inevitably be attracted by your defiance of my ban. If such goondas begin being violent, the responsibility of the police action thus rendered necessary will rest upon you and you alone."

AMBEDKAR WILL LEAD

The possibility of Dr. B. R. Ambedkar himself leading a 'Jatha' of "Satyagrahis" violating the ban of the District Magistrate if and when leaders of the Scheduled Castes Federation like Mr. P. N. Rajbhoj and Mr. B. K. Gaikwad are arrested, is being hinted at amongst prominent members of the "Satyagraha" Committee.

Till this evening nearly 300 volunteers from Bombay, Nasik, Sholapur, Poona City and District and other places have arrived at the "Satyagraha" camp.

"We are confident", said Mr. B. K. Gaikwad, "that a continuous flow of volunteers for this freedom struggle will begin if necessary."

A batch of 25 lady volunteers under the leadership of Miss Shantabai Dani, member of the Working Committee of the All-India Scheduled Castes Federation, arrived here this morning.

MORARJI ADAMANT

"The ban is there and the ban will be enforced", said Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, when apprised of the decision of the "Satyagraha" Committee of the Bombay Provincial Scheduled Castes Federation.

Necessary police arrangements are being made, it is learnt, to stop the demonstrators from crossing the limit of half a mile around the Council Hall. Police parties will be posted at all strategic spots from where the demonstrators might try to enter the "prohibited area." A strong police force will also be ready near the gates of the Council Hall to disperse the demonstrators if they succeed in breaking through the police cordon around the "prohibited area."

PRECAUTIONARY ORDER.

The District Magistrate of Poona has issued an order to-day prohibiting carrying of sticks, knives, stones or any other missile within the area under the Poona City Municipality, Poona Suburban Municipality and the Poona Cantonment Board. The order will be in force for seven days from Monday, July 15.

It is understood that the above precaution is being taken in order to avoid any untoward incidents and breach of peace and order which might happen due to the "Satyagraha" movement of the Scheduled Castes Federation which commences to-morrow.

KAMALADEVI'S "NO" TO MADRAS PREMIER

Won't Stand For Election To Constituent Assembly

MADRAS, July 14 (U.P.I.): Srimati Kamaladevi, Member, Congress Working Committee, whose name has been included in the Madras list of nominees for election to the Constituent Assembly at the instance of the Congress Working Committee, in an interview to the "United Press of India" at this morning revealed that she does not propose to stand for their election.

Srimati Kamaladevi said: "I asked the Leader of the Madras Congress Legislature Party to permit me to withdraw my name from the list of nominees. But he has taken the stand that I cannot be permitted to withdraw unless I obtain permission from the Congress Working Committee, or, in the event of an emergency, from the Congress President."

Asked for the reasons which prompted her to take this decision, Mrs. Kamladevi said: "The strength of the Congress lies in its organisation. And so I wish to devote my time to organisational work. Further, although the Congress has decided to enter the Constitution-making Body, its composition and procedure do not adhere to the original principles we had ourselves laid down for a Constituent Assembly for India."

Mrs. Kamaladevi is leaving for Bombay tomorrow night.

NEHRU PERMITS HER TO WITHDRAW

MADRAS, July 14 (A.P.I.): The Associated Press of India" understands that Srimathi Kamaladevi has been permitted by Pandit Nehru, Congress President, to withdraw from the contest to the Constituent Assembly and Pandit Nehru has sent a telegram to Mr. Prakasam, Premier of Madras, asking him to substitute Mr. Srinivasa Mallayya, President of the Mangalore District Congress Committee, in her place.

LEAGUERS AND CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY

Punjab Leader Urges Assurance From Attlee

LAHORE, July 13 (A.P.I.): Without further assurance from the British Prime Minister or the British Government as a whole that the conditions under which Muslim India agreed to work in the Constituent Assembly cannot be altered except with the consent of the two major political parties in India, the Muslim League will not consider it worth while to take part in this body, said Raja Ghaznafar Ali Khan, a Punjab Muslim League leader, in a statement, today.

126 CONTESTANTS FOR 60 BENGAL SEATS

CALCUTTA, July 13, (API): One hundred and twenty-six candidates are now left to contest the election for 60 seats in the Constituent Assembly allotted to Bengal.

Eleven this morning was the last hour for withdrawals. Twenty candidates nominated for the Muslim seats and three contesting the general seats withdrew leaving 126 candidates for the election on July 17 Of these 87 candidates are seeking election to 33 Muslim seats and 39 for the 27 general seats.

NEHRU ATTENDS U.P.C.C. COUNCIL MEETING

LUCKNOW, July 14 (A.P.I.): The Congress President, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, soon after his arrival in Lucknow today, attended a meeting of the Council of the U.P.C.C.

The meeting was also attended by Babu Purshotamdas Tandon, Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, Mr. Sampurnandand, Dr. Kailash Nath Katju, Acharya G. Jugalkishore and Mr. Algurai Sastri.

The Council, it is understood, briefly discussed selection of candidates for the Constituent Assembly and referred it to a joint meeting of the Council and the Executive of the Congress Legislative Party in the U. P. Assembly taking place this evening.

800 TELEGRAPHS DEPT. MEN ON STRIKE

(Continued from Page 1.)

Indian Radio and Cable Communications Company Limited.

WORKERS' MEETING

A crowded meeting of the telegraph workers of the city held at Jinnah Hall to-night (Sunday) unanimously decided to strike work from midnight. Speakers at the meeting exhorted the workers to remain united and to carry on the strike till their demands were conceded. Mr. S. H. Jhabvala presided.

Mr. Jhabvala read before the meeting a letter received from the Postmaster-General of Bombay in which th latter indicated that the strike was illegal.

The demands put forward by the Telegraph Workers' Union include a revised scale of pay, abolition of the existing rules of the telegraph workers and their substitution by those in force prior to 1931 and abolition of distinctions in matters of leave and pension between superior and inferior staff.

Songs pointing out the hardships of a postman's life were sung at the meeting.

Mr. Jhabvala further revealed at the meeting that the sweepers of the telegraph offices had also joined the strike. Their demands were the same as those put forward by the municipal sweepers during their recent strike.

POSTAL SITUATION IN CITY

The postal strike situation in Bombay showed some improvement since yesterday. Mails are now running fairly satisfactorily and all delivery centres inside the island are working to-day. Almost the entire mail for the city has been cleared from the G. P. O.

As regards the outgoing mail, accumulated at the G.P.O. during the last two days, a large portion left last night and a further consignment is expected to leave this evening.

The improvement in the situation was effected mainly through the help of about two hundred hired labourers, including military personnel.

Apart from inconvenience caused to the public, because of irregular mail service, the health of the citizens is also in danger, since the entire complement of the sweepers of the various post offices have also joined the strikers.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION: Owing to strike in Madras G.P.O. booking of all kinds of accountable articles, including telegraphic money orders for Madras City, will not be accepted except certified medicine parcels. Unregistered parcels also will not be accepted.

JEWS BLOW UP IRAQ OIL PIPELINE

(Continued from Page 1)

said that the action taken on June 29 by the administration in Palestine was in no wise against terrorism. The terrorists were known to be Irgun and Stern Gang. They were laughing because they were not touched. The people who suffered at the hands of the Labour Government were recognised leaders of the Jewish people and a recognised self-defence organisation of Palestine.

JEWISH AGENCY EXECUTIVE MEETS

JERUSALEM, July 14 (Reuter): The Jewish Agency Executive met today in its own building, for the first time since June 29, when the premises were occupied by British troops.

Dr. Chaim Weizmann, President of the Jewish Agency for Palestine and Rabbi Judah Leib Fishman (member of the Executive of the Agency who was released from detention on Friday on medical grounds) attended the meeting.

Dr. Wiezmann, later, attend a conference of the National Council of Palestine Jews, with Jewish mayors and presidents of local Councils, to say farewell before leaving by air on Wednesday for London, where the executive of the Jewish Agency is to meet.

MEETING IN LONDON, NOT PARIS

LONDON, July 14 (Reuter): The Executive of the Jewish Agency for Palestine will meet in London next week and not in Paris as previously arranged. Dr. Chaim Weizmann, President of the World Zionist Organisation, will attend.

Another Arms Cache In Hebrew University

JERUSALEM, July 14 (A. P. A.): Two boxes containing 71 large smoke bombs and five small hand-made bombs were found buried in the grounds of the Hebrew University in Jerusalem, police announced yesterday.

WEIZMANN SEES CUNNINGHAM

JERUSALEM: The High Commissioner for Palestine, Sir Alan Cunningham, today received the President of the Jewish Agency. Dr. Chaim Weizmann, at Government House. The subject of the interview was not disclosed.

Atom Bombing Development

Surprises In Store For Scientists

BERKELEY, (California), July 14 (A.P.A.): The atom may spring some surprises on scientists a few months hence when it will be subjected to mighty disintegrating powers from new machines now in the making, Dr. J. Robert Oppenheimer told a meeting of physicists yesterday.

The machines will smite the atomic nucleus with forces up into hundreds of millions of volts, perhaps eventually reaching 1,000 million volts, he said.

What will happen when these much greater energies are used cannot be predicted with any certainty, Dr. Oppenheimer said, because there is insufficient knowledge of how the particles which make up the nucleus act in relation to each other.

Dr. Oppenheimer, who was a major figure on the development of the atomic bomb, did not imply that anything disastrous would happen instead of the nuclear phenomena until researchers have formulated laws which satisfactorily explain the behaviour of the particles.

The latest of the apparatus is a machine which will look like a gigantic cannon now 40 feet long. It is designed eventually to extend nearly a quarter of a mile along the hillside overlooking the university of California Campus.

'COSMIC BOMB' WINS ARLINGTON FUTURITY RACE

CHICAGO, July 13 (Reuter): "Cosmic Bomb" won the 65,875 dollars (£16,470) Arlington Futurity, America's richest race for two year-olds run over six furlongs, here, today. Jet-Pilot was second, with Milk-Wagon Joe third.

The winner's time was one minute 15 and four-fifths seconds.

POSTAL DISPUTE AWARD TO-DAY

(Continued from Page 1.)

strike, according to information available at the Postmaster-General's office.

While the Central R.M.S. Office in in the city continues to function as usual, it is learnt the R.M.S. staff at Egmore absented themselves from duty.

With the exception of two post and two telegraph offices at two suburbs of the city, all the other offices have been affected by the strike.

Th post, telegraph and R.M.S. offices are guarded by Reserve Police.

Messenger boys of the Madras Fire Service have been called for help by the Telegraph Department in delivering telegrams to important offices and persons. It is also learnt that the Moplah Labour Force and some ex-Army men are being utilised for this purpose by the authorities.

About 150 low-paid telegraph staff have so abstained from work since early morning, according to information gathered fro the Chief Superintendent, Central, Telegraph Office. It is alleged that one telegraph messenger, who was on his way to office was assaulted today and five persons were arrested in this connection.

The Presidency Postmaster, in a talk with Pressmen today, indicated that about 750 men on the postal side were involved in the strike and that if the men did not turn up tomorrow, orders of suspension would be sent to absentees.

CALCUTTA MEETING TOMORROW

CALCUTTA: Representatives of three telegraph and postal unions in Calcutta have decided to hold a mass meeting of post and telegraph employees on Tuesday under the chairmanship of the President of the All-India Trade Union Congress, Mr. Mrinal Kanti Bose to consider the postal strike situation and take such action as may be considered necessary.

The strike situation in Calcutta remains unchanged today, according to the postal authorities.

NO MONEY SPENT ON BREAKING STRIKE

LAHORE: Lieut-Col. R. W. Spear, Postmaster-General for the Punjab, N.W.F.P., Kashmir and Delhi region, stated at a Press conference last evening that "a very large majority of postmen, packers and sorters, have gone out of work, and the few we have got, we have to hang on to. By tomorrow night we might be functioning more normally and we hope to get out the heavy mail, too, the same day." He said he hoped to have more men tomorrow.

Asked whether the postal system would be able to bear the strain of strike, Spear said "It won't fail."

Regarding the allegation at postmen's meeting in Lahore Friday that "the Government are spending eleven lakhs to break the strike," the Postmaster-General said. "This is no information to me. Whatever money we spend, we spend in serving the public."

WHY THERE IS NO STRIKE IN SIND?

KARACHI: Dr. Tarachand Lalvani, President, All-India Postmen and Lower Grade Staff Union, Sind and Baluchistan Branch, in a statement explains why Sind and Baluchistan have not participated in the general postal strike.

He says that the postal staff in his circle are in full sympathy with the demands of the strikers and endorse the action taken by the Central Office of the Union. They have not gone on strike so far because the conditions created by the Head of the Circle, Mr. H. L. Jerath, are such that it will not make their strike peaceful.

Firstly, the local Director withheld all instructions to local Unions from Central Office regarding the conduct of the strike; secondly, by official pressure the Director created anti-strike blocks amongst the temporary hands and non-members of the Union. As a lover of peace and a believer in non-violent action he did not advise strike under the present circumstances.

Dr. Lalvani, however, warned that at no distant date, Sind and Baluchistan employees of the Posts and Telegraphs Dept. will have a separate strike directed against the high-handedness of the Director, Mr. H. L. Jerath, who is anti-Union and is responsible for dividing the staff.

Clerks' Sympathy For Postmen

Mr. A. N. Chikhalikar, Honorary Secretary of the Bombay Postal Union, in a statement issued through the United Press, says:

"Many misleading statements and photographs are appearing in the Press, giving the impression that the clerical staff has been co-operating with the authorities by carrying out the duties of postmen and other lower-grade staff. These statements are absolutely false and without any foundation. The clerical staff is discharging its legitimate duties only and nothing that will defeat the just cause of our comrades of the sister Unions shall ever be done by the members of my Union."

IN DHARWAR

HUBLI: Though the strike of the postmen and lower-grade staff here continues it is learnt that house-to-house delivery would be restarted very soon as some new men have been appointed.

Barring Hubli and Gadag other places in the district of Dharwar, it is understood, are not affected by the strike.

OUT TO TORPEDO ANGLO-EGYPTIAN TREATY

Siaky Pasha's Allegations Against Communists

ALEXANDRIA, July 14 (Reuter): Ismael Sidky Pasha, the Egyptian Prime Minister, stated, today, that although he had no proof he believed that Egyptian Communists had received instructions from abroad to prevent the signing of the Anglo-Egyptian Treaty by demonstrations and bomb incidents.

The Prime Minister said that about 100 people had been arrested since the anti-Communist drive began last Thursday, including a number of foreigners.

Seven or eight newspapers had been suspended—one a daily, and the rest weeklies—and Communist organisations closed down.

He said, however, that the police had not yet been able to lay their hands on several small secret Communist organisations.

The Secretary-General of the Arab League, M. Abdel Azzim Pasha, stated, today, that he had advised the Egyptian Premier "to combat Communism in Egypt by encouraging the growth of the labour party."

"The League is definitely opposed to Communism", he said. "Prophet Mahomed was the first Socialist, and it is the duty of all his present-day followers to do all in their power to encourage the growth of socialism."

GRENADE-THROWING INCIDENT IN ALEXANDRIA

Br. Policeman Dies From Injuries

ALEXANDRIA, July 14 (Reuter): One of the British military policemen died from injuries received as a result of last night's grenade-throwing incident in Alexandria and subsequent assault by a crowd of Egyptians. Six other British military policemen were seriously injured.

According to British sources, seven police men were walking in a group, up Rue Fuad when two grenades thrown by an unknown person or persons burst in their midst.

All the policemen were injured, but managed to run from the scene of the explosion. A crowd of Egyptians seeing them running mistakenly thought they had thrown the grenades and attacked them with stones. Two policemen bleeding from wounds sustained in the grenade-throwing incident were beaten up and dragged to a nearby police station.

The British explanation is that the policemen ran off fearing that other grenades might be thrown at them and they were unarmed at the time. Medical evidence is stated to indicate that the policeman who died succumbed to the injuries he received through beating by the crowd rather than the injuries he received in the grenade-throwing incident.

It will be recalled that two British military policemen were killed in Alexandria on March 4, when a sea-front police post in which they stationed with three companions was stoned and fired on

ANGLO-EGYPTIAN TREATY "AS GOOD AS SIGNED"

ALEXANDRIA, July 13 (Reuter): A well-informed Egyptian in close touch with Egyptian Treaty Delegation to-day declared that the Anglo-Egyptian treaty will be signed before July 25.

The informant added that Mr. Ernest Bevin, the British Foreign Secretary, would definitely fly to Egypt with the Egyptian Ambassador in London, Abdel Amar Pasha, for the signing of the treaty.

The treaty, he said, will not deal with the question of Sudan, which will be discussed by two delegations after the signature of the treaty. "The treaty is as good as signed" the Egyptian informant added.

BYRNES BACK IN WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, July 14 (Reuter): The United States Secretary of State, Mr. James Byrnes, who returned by air from the Paris "Big Four" Conference, said on arrival here: "We have made some progress on the road towards peace."

President Truman was at the airport to meet the plane.

POSTAL STRIKE TO CONTINUE

Poona Talks Fail: Kher And Pakwasa Appeal For Settlement Of Dispute By Negotiation

POONA, July 14. (A.P.I.): The informal Conference, held this morning in Poona, between Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, the Hon'ble Mr. Mangaldas Pakwasa, President of the Bombay Legislative Council, Mr. R. E. Shalom, Postmaster General, Bombay and Mr. V. G. Dalvi, General Secretary of the All-India Postmen and Lower Grade Staff Union, to discuss the situation arising out of the postal strike has not succeeded in producing any definite result.

Mr. Dalvi told the Associated Press after the meeting that "the strike will continue till a final settlement, if any, is reached with the Government in regard to the strike."

THE APPEAL

The Premier and Mr. Pakwasa after the joint meeting have appealed to both the parties concerned to bring about a meeting between their representatives, without any further loss of time, to arrive at a settlement in regard to the strike.

Mr. Kher and Mr. Pakwasa in their appeal say: "In view of the very great inconvenience, not to say distress, caused to the public and the strikers by reason of the postal strike which started on July 11, we brought about a meeting at Poona between Mr. V. G. Dalvi, General Secretary of the All-India Postmen and Lower Grade Staff Union, and Mr. Shalom, Postmaster General, Bombay. We came to the conclusion after discussions that there is a genuine desire on both sides to avoid this hardship.

"We, therefore, think that the points at issue should be discussed at once without prejudice to the contentions on either side at some convenient place at a meeting between the representatives of the postal authorities and Postmen's Union, who should be armed with power to negotiate and to arrive at a settlement binding on both the parties. We, therefore, appeal to both the parties to bring about such a meeting without any further loss of time."

WATCHING GOVT REACTION

Mr. Dalvi told the A.P.I. that he would wait for reactions of the Government to this appeal before deciding to call a meeting of this Strike Committee to place the appeal before them. "The Union", he said, "has always been willing to discuss matters, but it is the Government which has been adamant so far."

Mr. Dalvi left for Bombay today.

BREACH IN JHANG CANAL

Damage Of Rs. 4 Lakhs Caused

LAHORE, July 14 (A.P.I.): Damage to the extent of Rs. Four lakhs, both to the standing crops and immovable property, is said to have been caused as the result of a breach in the Jhang Canal in Lyallpur district.

A deputation from the villages affected waited on the Development Minister, Sardar Baldev Singh, today and apprised him of the loss suffered, by the zamindars.

The breach is reported to have occurred at the village of Niman Bangala, about 10 miles from Lyallpur. About six villages are said to have suffered.

Sardar Baldev Singh is expected to visit the area soon.

Bombay Congress Nominees To Constituent Assembly

(Continued from Page 1.)

the passing of the Bill, every tenant will become "protected tenant" entitled to benefits of the Tenancy Act unless in the meanwhile, the owner proves that he is not so entitled.

Three Assembly members from Ahmedabad who arrived to-day acquainted Mr. Morarji Desai with the latest situation there from non-official point of view. Mr. Desai made searching inquiries about the situation and was informed that feeling of panic there has considerably abated.

Reds To Contest From Madras

MADRAS: Nearly 40 candidates have so far filed their nomination papers for elections to the General non-Muslim seats in the Constituent Assembly by the members of the Madras Legislative Assembly. They include two Communists, Messrs. P. Ramamurthi and P. Sundarayya.

Wall Street And The New York Cotton Market Closed

NEW YORK, July 14.

Wall Street and the New York Cotton Market closed

Chicago grains: After the opening advances attributed to the Senate's recommendation to decontrol grain prices, oats and maize encountered occasional setback reflecting excellent weather but finally firmed on free market possibility.

The decline in Winnipeg rye is believed to be due to liquidation by American holders.

LONDON EXCHANGES

LONDON, July 13.

T. T. London on:—

New York sellers 4.02-1/2 buyers 4.03-1/2 Madrid official 44.00 Montreal sellers 4.62 buyers 4.04 Zurich sellers 17.34 buyers 17.36 Stockholm sellers 16.88 buyers 16.92

Hinrich Shield Football

TATAS ESTABLISH NARROW LEAD

BOMBAY, Sunday.

TATA S. C. 1
MOVEMENT CONTROL 0

There was nothing to enthuse over in the first leg of the first semi-final between the Trade S. C. and Movement Control for the Hinrich Shield. In sharp contrast to the epic struggle between the B.B.R.C. and the Trade in the quarter-final, the play this evening was extremely unenterprising, partly due to the absence of any strong attacking line and partly due to the third-back game which the Movement Control have been playing. Slade, their pivot, resorted to kicking the ball clear out of the field whenever there was a dangerous move by the opposing. Although this payed dividends, it lacked any constructive quality that might otherwise have been imparted to the hour's uneventful soccer.

Left-out Peter was about the only forward in the two teams who looked dangerous.

The only goal of the evening was the result of a penalty which Tata's Captain, right-back Mandon turned to advantage.

The Teams—

TATA S. C.—Thingalaya; Mandon and Papen; Ananthram, Shetty and Damodar; Laxman, Krishnamurthi, Joveniano, Krishnan and Peter.

MOVEMENT CONTROL—Lambert; Stocks and Osman; Robinson, Slade and Stone; Gardiner, Cobley, Ambrosi, Bloomer and Goodchild.

Referee—Jayaraman.

Today's match at 5-45 p. m. Trades vs. Leicester (first leg).

PRIZE BONDS DRAW

The fifth half-yearly draw for prizes for the Government of India Five-year Interest-free Prize Bonds, 1949, will be held at the Sir Cowasjee Jehangir Hall, Bombay on Monday, July 15, 1946 at 11 a. m. The draw is open to the public. The following are the series of prize bonds participating in the draw:

DENOMINATION: Rs. 100: Series A, B, C and D.

DENOMINATION: Rs. 10: Series AA, AB, AC, AD, AE, AF, AG, AH, AJ, AK, AL, AM and AN.

TATA TRUST DONATION

CALCUTTA, July 14 (U.P.I.): The Sir Dorabjee Tata Trust of Bombay has made a grant of Rs. 1,50,000 to the College of Engineering and Technology, Jadavpur, for development of its Department of Geology, says the "Nationalist".

Supply Officer And Contractor Convicted Of Cheating Govt.

Each Jailed To 7 Years And Fined Rs. 41,000 And Rs. 43,000 Respectively

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, July 14.

Charged with falsification of indents and bills, alteration and additions in vouchers and account books and thereby cheating Government to the extent of over one lakh of rupees, Subedar Major Saranpani Supply Depot Officer, R.I.A.S.C. Jubbulpore, and Abdul Ghani, Military Supply Contractor, after 18 months' trial, under sections 420, 468, and 120-B Indian Penal Code, found guilty and awarded seven years' rigorous each, with fines of Rs. 41,000 and 43,000, respectively in default two years' further rigorous, each by the Special Tribunal (Amraoti) appointed under the presidentship of Rai Bahadur Sen. The cases were detected by Anti-Corruption staff at Jubbulpore.

Three other accused, viz., Major Gammage and contractors Shamsuddin and Ahmedullah were not found guilty, and acquitted.

Anti-Corruption Inspector, Kunwarsen, detected and investigated the case. Nearly 140 witnesses were examined. Prosecution cited about 80 witnesses including 60 military officers from Middle East and Burma, while the defence produced about 60 witnesses.

WAR GRATUITIES

W. A. C. (I.) OFFICERS AND AUXILIARIES

HAVE YOU RECEIVED YOUR WAR GRATUITY?

HAVE YOU RECEIVED YOUR RELEASE BENEFITS?

if NOT, then READ THIS

W. A. C. (I) Officers and Auxiliaries who have been demobilized or released from the Service and who have NOT received a gratuity are eligible for consideration for grant of a War Gratuity for service rendered between 3rd September 1939 and 15th August 1946 and for other release benefits. In such cases, apply to:

OFFICER-IN-CHARGE
WAC (I.) RECORDS, AGRA

Give full details where and how you were released and your previous personal or corps number, full name, previous unit, and your PRESENT ADDRESS.

Issued by the ADJUTANT GENERAL in India, G.H.Q., New Delhi.

AC-82

NOW 2 TYPES OF Pro-phy-lac-tic TOOTH BRUSHES to choose from!

NATURAL Bristles are back again ...and there's PROLON* also if you prefer

*Best quality Nylon

*Whether you prefer Natural Bristles or Prolon Bristles there is only one Pro-phy-lac-tic quality—the very finest. Sold only in the famous yellow box.

CLEANING TEETH FOR 58 YEARS

A BOON TO CHILDREN...

JAMMI'S LIVER CURE

FOR INFANTILE LIVER AND SPLEEN COMPLAINTS

at all leading chemists

JAMMI VENKATARAMANAYYA & SONS H.O. MYLAPORE, MADRAS.

SIMPLE CASES — Jammi's Liver Cure "Simple" given in initial stages arrests the progress of the disease and nips it in the bud.

COMPLICATED CASES — Jammi's Liver Cure "Complicated" given in developed stages removes complications and helps to bring about a cure

RAYMOND ELECTRIC — COMFORTABLE LISTENING

Presents

New 1946 RECEIVER

ALL WAVE — SUPER SELECTIVE

FAIR PRICE AT PORTS Rs. 375 TO CONSUMERS

RAYMOND RADIO (5-valve)	517 - 1,580 KC (190-580 M)
MODEL F 14D	2,000 - 6,600 KC (45-150 M)
	6.3 - 22.2 MC (13½ - 47 M)

Power Supply is for AC/DC mains 200/250 v.

PICK UP AND EXTERIOR LOUDSPEAKER:

Special sockets suitably engraved are fitted to the back of the chassis to enable the above to be simply plugged in.

Sole Agents: SMALMIN POST BOX 794 BOMBAY 1

DISTRIBUTORS:—

BOMBAY CITY: Rajwekar Radio Corporation, 6-D Royal Opera House, Queens Road, Bombay 4.
MAHARASHTRA & KARNATAK: Poona Sound Corporation, 794, Sadashiv Peth, Poona 2.
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR & CUTCH: Standard Industries Agencies, Comilla Bank Bldg., Hornby Road, Bombay 1.
H.E.H. NIZAM'S DOMINIONS (HYDERABAD STATE): Rajwekar Radio Corporation, 6-D, Royal Opera House, New Queen's Road, Bombay 4.
C. I. & RAJPUTANA: Radio & Electric Chambers, Siyagang, Indore. (Office: 61, Snehlatagang).

E-Pay

'Total Non-Co-operation Has No Place In Popular Raj'

Gandhiji Criticises "Friends Of Underground Variety" Who Opposed Resolution On Mission's Proposals

AHMEDABAD, July 14 (A.P.I.)—Under the caption "The Real Danger," Mahatma Gandhi writes in today's "Harijan":

As during the two days of the session of the A.I.C.C. in Bombay, I listened to some of the spirited speeches against the Working Committee's resolution submitted to the A.I.C.C. for ratification, I could not subscribe to the dangers portrayed by the Opposition. No confirmed Satyagrahi is dismayed by the dangers, seen or unseen, from his opponent's side. What he must fear as every army must, is the danger from within.

Opposition, however eloquent it may be, will defeat its purpose if it is not well informed, balanced and well based and does not promise action and result more attractive than what is opposed. Let the Opposition at the late meeting answer.

"DANGER FROM WITHIN"

My purpose here is merely to point out the danger from within. The first in importance is laziness of mind and body. This comes out of the smug satisfaction that Congressmen having suffered imprisonment have nothing more to do to win freedom and that a grateful organization should reward their service by giving them first preference in the matter of elections and offices. And so, there is an unseemly and vulgar competition for gaining what are described as prize posts. Here there is a double fallacy. Nothing should be considered a prize in the Congress dictionary and imprisonment is its own reward. It is the preliminary examination of a Satyagrahi. Its goal is the slaughter house even as that of the spotless lamb. Jail going is, instead being used as a passport to every office accessible to the Congress. Hence there is every prospect of Satyagrahi imprisonment becoming a degrading occupation like that of professional thieves and robbers. No wonder my friends of the underground variety avoid imprisonment as being comparatively a bed of roses. This a pointer to the pass the Congress is coming to.

The friends who opposed the resolution on the British Cabinet delegation's proposal do not seem to know what they are aiming at. Is independence to be bought at the price of a bloody revolution as was say the French, the Soviet or even the English? Then frank and honest work has yet to begin. They have to tread a very dangerous path in openly making the Congress such an institution. My argument has no force if subterranean activity is a doctrine of universal application and is now being employed against the Congress. The very thought repels me. I should hope for the sake of my own sanity that the thought is devoid of any foundation. Then it is clearly their duty to say to the Congressmen that now that there is Congress raj or Representative Raj, whether the Congress variety or the Muslim League, they must set about reforming it in detail and not condemn it in *toto*.

NO PLACE FOR TOTAL N.C.O.

Total non-violent non-co-operation has no place in popular raj, whatever its level may be.

Who is responsible for the mad orgy in Madura and coming nearer in Ahmedabad? It will be folly to attribute everything evil to British machinations. This senseless theory will perpetuate foreign domination, not necessarily British. The British will go in any case. They want to go in an orderly manner as is evident to me from the State paper or they will go and leave India to her own fate assuming that India has forsaken the path of non-violence with the certain result of a combined intervention of an assortment of armed powers. Let the Opposition say to Congressmen what kind of Independence they want. Congressmen in general, certainly do not know the kind of independence they want.

FOOLISH & WICKED

If then the Constituent Assembly flizzles out, it will not be because the British are wicked every time; it will be because we are fools or shall I say even wicked. Whether we are fools or wicked or both, I am quite clear that we must look for danger from within, not fear the danger from without. The first corrodes the soul, the second polishes.

Cabinet Mission's Raw Deal To Sikh Community

Delivered Hand And Foot Tied Into Group 'B' Says Sardar

BOMBAY, July 13 (A.P.I.): Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel in a statement today amplified his reference made in the speech in the All-India Congress Committee to the "great injustice" done to the Sikh community in the Punjab in the Cabinet Mission's proposals.

Sardar Patel says "In the Cabinet Mission's proposals greatest injustice has been done to the Sikhs. They have been placed in the "B" Group hand and foot tied. This places them in a disadvantageous position and they are therefore naturally very bitter.

UNITED FRONT

They have launched their protest in no uncertain terms. Their Committee went to the extent of rejecting the entire proposals and deciding to boycott the elections to the Constituent Assembly. I am glad to note that the Sikhs have in response to the appeal made by the Congress President filed their nomination papers for elections to the Constituent Assembly, even though the decision to reverse the original resolution is tentative.

If they decided to boycott the elections altogether, they would have made a mistake and played into the hands of reactionary elements.

Great as the injustice done to the community by the Cabinet Mission's proposals is, my advice to them is that they should not boycott the Constituent Assembly at the initial stage, but utilise the Constituent Assembly to voice their grievances and see that they are not compulsorily forced into Group "B". They can boycott it, if necessary, at the proper time.

I am unable to understand why the Cabinet Mission, which gave communal veto in the case of the Muslims, have refused to give the same safeguard to the Sikhs in the Punjab. There is no justification whatever for such invidious distinction the Sikhs are a great and courageous community and it is most unwise to ignore them."

Jaiprakash To Meet Gandhiji At Panchgani

POONA, July 14 (A.P.I.)—Mr. Jaiprakash Narain, Congress Socialist Leader, is meeting Mahatma Gandhi at Panchgani on July 17. On his way to Panchgani, Mr. Jai Prakash will halt at Satara on July 16 when he will meet local Congress workers.

"STRIKING CHANGE IN NEW CABINET"

Gandhiji On Choice Of Mridula Sarabhai

AHMEDABAD, July 14 (A. P. I.): Under the caption, "Success Of The New Team", Mahatma Gandhi writes in to-day's "Harijan":

The success of the new team depends as much upon the manner in which it carries out the work as upon the manners of the old; if the new team breaks with the old, it is bound to fail even like a son who repudiates the inheritance left by his father. It is also bound to fail if those who have retired do not help their successors in every possible way. They were selected by Maulana Saheb not in order to give them importance but by reason of their services in their own provinces. A servant does not cease to be a servant when he gives place to another for the sake of accession of new blood or some other similar and cogent reason. It is to be hoped therefore that the old ones will give the new ones the full benefit of their experience

MOST STRIKING CHANGE

The most striking change is the retirement of the General Secretary who had held the post for an unbroken period of ten years. His help will be required constantly by his successors who are new to the office and new members of the Working Committee. I know they will get all the help they need from Acharya Kripalani. It is a good thing a woman fills for the first time in the history of the Congress the post of General Secretary. Shrimati Mridula Sarbahai was one of the pupils of Acharya Kripalani in the initial stage of the career of the Gujarat Vidyapith. Therefore she will have full guidance from her Acharya in the difficult task to which she is called.

To those to whom the change may give cause for misgivings, I would say that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru himself makes a fine and stable bridge between the old and the new assisted as he will be by some of the ablest members of the old team. No one need therefore entertain any fear of a break with the past. A healthy circulation is as necessary for the body politics as for the individual.

BUNGALOW & DHARMASALA PRESENTED TO MAHATMA

Dedication Ceremony At Panchgani On July 22

PANCHGANI, July 13 (A.P.I.): One bungalow and one "Dharmasala" here—property worth about Rs. 50,000—has been presented to Mahatma Gandhi to be used for work carried on by the Kasturba National Memorial Trust.

The dedication of the property will take place on July 22, when prominent Congress leaders including some Bombay Ministers will be present. The property, it is understood, will be used for the benefit of poor women and children who cannot afford expensive stay at sanatoriums.

GANDHIJI TO STAY SIX MONTHS AT URULI

PANCHGANI, July 14 (U. P. I.): Addressing his prayer gathering in Panchgani yesterday Mahatma Gandhi announced that he had now decided to spend six months in Sewagram and other six months in the neighbourhood of Poona. He could not give up Sewagram where he lived the long span of his life and where all his schemes were being carried out. But as he had now established his nature cur centre for serving the villagers in Urulikanchan near Poona he would have to stay there for six months to conduct that scheme. Thus he would now stay from August to February in Sewagram and from February to August in the neighbourhood of Poona.

Continuing Gandhiji said that he was now convinced that if he could stay in some hill station for at least two months during the year he would be fit enough to work with more energy for the other ten months. So after careful consideration he had decided to spend one month in Mahableshwar and one month in Panchgani. But this year he had to spend three months in Delhi due to the Cabinet Mission's activities.

Earlier Gandhiji said that he was glad that he was back in Panchgani for the third time, the first being after his release from jail.

ASSAM RIVERS IN SPATE

Planes May Be Chartered To Send Help To Isolated Town Of Silchar

CALCUTTA, July 14 (APD.—The Government of Assam are considering the chartering of several planes to send help to the flood-affected town of Silchar, Mr. Gopinath Bardoloi, the Premier, told the Associated Press of India at Shillong yesterday.

The Assam Premier said that Government officers had already been deputed to one area, but due to heavy damage to roads and the strong current in flooded rivers, it had not been possible to reach the destination. Several relief steamers were making serious attempts to reach Silchar. In the meantime, the Premier was expecting fresh reports on the situation from the District officer.

It is stated here that all communications with Silchar have been completely cut by the floods and several attempts made by the Premier to contact the Deputy Commissioner have failed. Wireless reports reaching the Assam Government from Silchar this evening indicate that the flood water is still rising.

6,00,000 AFFECTED IN CHITTAGONG AREA

In Chittagong area in Bengal, five to six hundred thousand people are seriously affected by the floods, wires Mr. Nur Ahmed, M.L.C., from Chittagong.

He adds that the Karnafuli river and its tributaries have flooded most of the villages in Satkania, Rangunia Hathazari, Raozan and Patickcheri areas, and also some villages of Mirsarai. There is still eight to ten cubits of water in some villages. Thousands of mud-walled houses and kachha houses have collapsed. The roofs of some houses have been carried away by the flood water. Rangunia is cut off from the town and other places. Men, women and children have been rendered homeless in lakhs. There is six to nine feet of water over high roads. Boats are the only means of conveyance from house to house in many of the affected areas.

NEED FOR IMMEDIATE RELIEF

Mr. Nur Ahmed adds: Immediate relief is urgently needed. The District Magistrate has called a conference for relief work. The Muslim League central relief organisation has opened a fund for immediate relief.

Thirteen unions in Noakhali District are affected by breaches in the embankment of the river Musuri, caused by heavy rains in the Tippera hills flooding the river, states a despatch from the "Associated Press of India" correspondent at Noakhali.

Six of these unions are in Chhagalnaiya Thana, three in Parashuram Thana and four in Feni Thana.

Standing rice crops as well as seedlings are reported to have been damaged by the floods and heavy rains.

DISLOCATION OF RAILWAY SERVICE

The floods have caused dislocation of services on certain sections of the Bengal-Assam Railway.

All traffic for stations on the Badarpur-Silchar section, inluding the Katorkhal-Lalghat branrh, has been suspended, states the Divisional Superintendent, Transportation, Chittagong, in a telegram dated July 13. The track at different points is still under water and it is apprehended that the track is being washed away. The probable duration of the block is not known. Telegraph communication between Badarpur and Silchur is also interrupted.

Communications on the Pandu-Tinsukia section are also dislocated. The Transportation Superintendent at Pandu wires that the line between Namrup and Duliajan stations is submerged due to flood. The probable duration of the interruption is not yet known, but the water is receding. He adds that on the Debru Sadiya section of the B. A. Railway, trains are running upto Margherita as the track beyond that station is unsafe due to flood.

The "Associated Press of India" correspondent at Sylhet wires that the Surma river is in spate in the District. Portions of Sunamganj town have been flooded and some educational institutions have closed.

Skymasters Mobilised To Ease Traffic Bottleneck

NEW YORK, July 14. (A.P.A.): Return to normal service on international air routes by midweek was indicated to-day as the United States airlines mobilised fleets of Skymasters to meet the passenger crisis following the grounding of all Constellations.

Two Constellation aircraft crashes in a month led to the order cancelling their use pending investigation.

Food Rations Increased In Russian Zone

BERLIN, July 14. (A.P.A.): The Russian Military Government announced to-day an increase in food rations in the Russian occupation zone for persons regarded as non-essential to industry.

Beginning in August, children, non-workers and white collar workers will receive an additional 50 grams of bread daily and 1.500 grams of potatoes monthly. Labourers and children will also receive an increase of 300 grams monthly in other foodstuffs and the rest of the population 150 grams. The present calory levels in the Russian Zone were not announced.

The Key-name for Fine Soaps and First Class Toilet Requisites made in England is

Cussons

THE NAME WITH THE FAME

ALWAYS LOOK FOR THIS MARK AND THE NAME Cussons

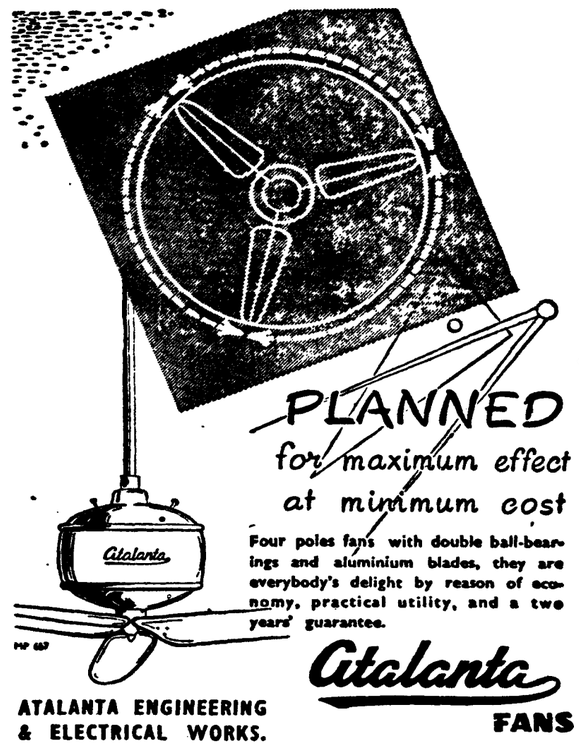
Cussons IMPERIAL LEATHER Talcum Powder

Absorbs perspiration, banishes body odour and leaves the skin cool and dry and smooth, enviably fresh and lovely.

FOR MEN This soothing Talcum Powder gives perfection to the skin after shaving with IMPERIAL LEATHER SHAVING SOAP

Keeps the skin smooth and young

Ad No. 2.



PLANNED for maximum effect at minimum cost

Four poles fans with double ball-bearings and aluminium blades, they are everybody's delight by reason of economy, practical utility, and a two years' guarantee.

Atalanta FANS

ATALANTA ENGINEERING & ELECTRICAL WORKS.

4, FALGOON DAS LANE, CALCUTTA.

Your LIGHTER MOMENTS

Wherever you seek them, whether in woods or on the sands of the beach, or in your cosy drawing room, you can depend upon Panama Cigarettes for complete detachment from work and worry.

Panama

Ans. 9 Per 20

Also available in 10's and 50's airtight (vacuum) packing.

Golden Tobacco Co. GT 10-46 Greams Road

U. S. Congress Okays Loan To Britain

Celler Leads Futile Opposition

House Of Representatives Reject All Amendments

BILL PASSED BY 219 VOTES AGAINST 155

WASHINGTON, July 13 (Reuter):—The United States House of Representatives tonight approved the granting of a loan of 937,500,000 sterling to Great Britain.

The House of Representatives approved the British loan by 219 votes against 155.

The Senate had passed the Bill on May 11 by 46 votes to 34.

The Bill now goes to President Truman for signature.

The majority of 64 in the House was far larger than had been thought earlier this week. As a result of strenuous efforts of both Government and Opposition whips, today's session was attended by 374 members out of a possible 433.

The final vote was taken after a series of motions and amendments to cripple the Bill had been rejected.

CELLER ROUTED

First came the motion proposed by the arch enemy of British Palestine policies, Democrat Emanuel Celler of New York, which by "striking out the enacting clause of the Resolution" would in effect have killed the loan. But he was routed by 108 votes to 19.

The next—and this was a crucial test—the socalled "collateral" amendment, which would have forced Britain to pledge Mid East Oil, South African Gold and Empire wool in return for the Loan, was trounced by 168 votes.

OPPOSITION FIGHT TO LAST DITCH

But even then the oppostion refused to "give up the ghost." All afternoon they bombarded the agreement with amendments trying to make the Loan conditional on anything from military bases to balancing of America's own budget. The last ditch fight before the final vote itself came on the motion to send the Loan back to the Banking Committee with its resultant serious delay.

REPAYABLE IN 50 INSTALMENTS

LONDON, July 14 (Reuter).—The United States loan to Britain will be repayable in 50 annual instalments beginning in 1951 with the interest rate of two per cent waived during the first five years.

The first repayment of capital and interest will be due on December 31, 1951, depending on the amount drawn out by Britain up to that date.

Payment of the interest will be waived in any year in which Britain finds she has an adequate dollar balance.

PURPOSE OF LOAN

The purpose of the loan is "to facilitate purchases by Britain of goods and services in the United States; to assist her in meeting transitional postwar deficits in her current balance of payments; and help her to maintain adequate reserves of gold and dollars and assume obligations of multilateral trade."

FINANCE MINISTER'S CAUTION TO BRITAIN

The British Minister of Finance Dr. Hugh Dalton in a statement on the passing of the United States Loan to Britain tonight, said that the approval of the loan "does not mean that we can now relax our efforts but it will hasten the time when we can once more play our full part in the vigorous and expanding system of international trade.

I take the approval of the loan as a sign that our American friends want to work with us just as we want to work with them.

We have a common interest in reviving trade throughout the world and providing good standards of living for men and women everywhere."

On the proposal of Mr. Spence, the House agreed by "Voice Vote" to limit further discussion on the collateral amendment to one hour.

AMENDMENT TO LIMIT LOAN

Before the collateral provision was decided on, Republican George Bender of Ohio proposed another amendment which would limit the loan to 1,250,000,000 dollars at a rate of interest not less than those charged on long-term United States Government bonds during the last five years.

These amendments, however, were defeated and a favourable final vote seemed assured. The amendment proposing that the loan be reduced to 1,250,000,000 dollars was thrown out by "Voice Vote." Voice vote also defeated the collateral amendment by 136 against 97 in favour.

DEMAND FOR ROLLCALL

This did not satisfy the Opposition and they demanded a roll-call to test this point of attack which they considered the most likely of the amendments to succeed.

In the roll-call the amendment was defeated by 168 to 112.

Still, however, Opposition did not acknowledge defeat or clear the way for the final vote.

Mr. Howard Campbell, Republican from Pennsylvania, introduced a resolution proposing that the loan to Britain should be withheld until the United States budget is balanced or until it is brought within hundred million dollars (25 million Sterling) of balancing. After Mr. Campbell had finished his exposition, his amendment was ruled out of order by the Chair because it was "not Germane" to the bill under consideration.

GOVT. ATTEMPT TO LIMIT TIME FOILED

This was followed by further Government attempt to limit the remaining discussion to 35 minutes, but this was defeated by vigorous cries from the Opposition.

Voice votes sufficed to kill another attempt to cripple the loan by attaching to it the same conditions of collateral and the same rate of interest as those attached to loans granted by the Export-Import Bank of Washington to such countries as France, Poland and Greece.

Next an attempt was made by Mr. Daniel Reed, Republican from New York, to limit the loan to one thousand million dollars (250,000,000 Sterling) until Britain has taken definite action to abolish imperial preference.

Mr. Reed demanded a roll-call after a loud cry of "aye" indicated that the vote might be a close one.

The roll call showed 99 votes for Democratic and Republican ranks after this latest defeat for the Opposition but amendments still continued to be pressed.

A new one proposed by Mr. Frederick Smith, Republican from Ohio was that the Loan should be limited to the amount by which taxation in the United States exceeded Government expenditure. It was thrown out by 'voice vote.'

Mr. Smith tried again with an amendment in slightly different terms. He proposed that the loan should be limited to the extent that taxation exceeded expenditure and that private loans could be raised. This was defeated by 98 votes to 23.

The Debate

WASHINGTON, July 13 (Reuter).—The United States Congressmen, resuming the debate on the proposed loan to Britain, crowded into the House of Representatives Chamber tonight and defeated the motion presented by the New York Democrat Congressman, Mr. Emmanuel Celler, which would have killed the Loan Bill.

Mr. Celler proposed that the House should strike out the "enabling" clause (the indispensible clause affixed to every Statute enabling Government to carry out the terms of a Bill when the Bill is passed by Congress).

Out of 326 members attending, only 19 voted for Mr. Celler's motion and 108 opposed it.

ATTACK ON PALESTINE POLICY

Mr. Celler calling for a vote on his motion, attacked British action in Palestine.

"If the British resorted to violence in the cause of freedom, the Jews can do no less," he said. "Millions of Jews are perishing that might have been saved had the British opened the doors of Palestine to them."

Attendance out of the total House membership of 435 members, was higher by at least 100 than on any previous day this week and boded well for a favourable vote on the Loan Bill.

SUPPRESSED EXCITEMENT

An air of suppressed excitement gripped the Chamber as the debate got under way, with Mr. Jesse Wolcott of Michigan, leading member of the House Banking and Currency Committee, telling members: "In our action today, we will determine for years to come whether there will be Coalition between Britain's and America's spheres of influence or whether there will be one between the British and Soviet spheres.

Representative Everett Dirkson of Illinois then introduced what was expected to be the most dangerous amendment of all. He proposed "that no obligation shall be incurred or draft made until after the Secretary of the Treasury shall have certified to the President that security has been provided in an amount adequate to cover the principal sum and such an obligation or draft."

Mr. Dirkson suggested as collateral deliveries Middle East oil, empire wool, British stocks held in South African Gold mines and the income assets of British Insurance Companies.

Mr. Brent Spence, Chairman of the House Banking Committee, attempted to set a definite time for a vote on the collateral security amendment, but was opposed by Republicans wishing to throw their weight behind what is considered the most dangerous attack.

At least four more speakers expressed a wish to make their views heard after Mr. Wills Robertson (Democrat, Virginia) had condemned the amendment because it "calls for collateral that the United Kingdom does not have."

BASES AMENDMENT

Then came the bases amendment which gave the Loan Agreement such a close shave during the debate in the Senate.

Michigan Republican Mr. Roy Woodruff, suggested that any bases the President might wish for the defence of the United States in the Pacific and Atlantic should be transferred to the United States as collateral. His amendment differed from the one moved in the Senate, however, in providing that the bases should be handed back to Britain once the loan is repaid.

A variation of this was proposed by Mr. Sterling Cole, Republican from New York. His amendment called for permanent acquisition of bases in the Atlantic only and proposed that as a compensation Britain should be given 1,000,000 dollars outright in addition to the loan.

All afternoon the opposition bombarded the agreement with amendments trying to make the Loan conditional on anything from military bases to the balancing of America's own budget.

FINAL VOTE

The last ditch fight before the final vote itself came on a motion to send the loan back to the Banking Committee which would have resulted in serious delay. This too, however, was decisively defeated and the final vote resulting in 219 to 155 ratification of the loan was taken.

NO REPAYMENT OF STERLING EVEN NOW

But Britain's Strengthened Economy Will Help India

LONDON, July 14 (Reuter): Regarding the implications of the U. S. loan to Britain for India it is pointed out in London that the loan cannot directly contribute to a settlement of Britain's war debts (Sterling balances) but that by strengthening Britain's economy and contributing to its rehabilitation the loan should indirectly help towards a solution of this problem, writes Sidney Gambell, 'Reuter's' financial editor.

These conclusions arise from the provisions of the loan agreement whereby any part of the loan itself may be used for paying in of Britain's existing debts, but that within one year all sterling arising from current transactions must be made freely convertable and that negotiations for a settlement of the war debts are to start as soon as possible.

In India's case, one cannot yet say when this will be, since the constitution position must first be clarified.

Since the loan only closes the gap in Britain's balance of payment, it is stated that one should not expect any "spectacular" lowering of standards of essentiality applied to imports by the exchange control authorities of the Sterling area.

TREATY TO ELIMINATE 'VETO' FROM ATOM CONTROL

Baruch's Revised Proposals To U. N. O. Commission

NEW YORK, July 14 (A.P.A.): The United States has proposed that the 'veto' on atomic questions be eliminated by international treaty, rather than by amendment to the United Nations Charter.

In a new memorandum submitted to the United Nations Atomic Energy Commission, Bernard Baruch, Financier and Government Adviser, proposed yesterday that the 'veto' be disposed of in a proposed treaty setting up an Atomic Control System.

This would make it unnecessary to amend the Charter, which some of the Atomic Commission Delegates admit would be difficult, if not impossible, in view of Russia's opposition.

There was no indication, however, that Russia would be any more willing to surrender her 'veto' rights by treaty than by amendment.

Baruch's proposal provides that the Security Council would maintain jurisdiction over atomic matters which actually threatened world peace. But that the five permanent members of the Council would agree voluntarily not to use their 'veto' rights on atomic questions.

The proposed Atomic Control Authority, the memorandum said, would be given the power to handle violations not considered a threat to peace.

Under the American plan decisions on atomic questions would be handed as follows:

1. In administrative matters the decision of the control authority would be final.

2. On questions not sufficiently grave to endanger peace, the decision of the authority might either be subject to appeal before a special board, or be enforced by the Security Council as "procedural matters" if any nation refused to obey the orders of the controlling authority.

3. Offences which endanger peace would be subject to action by the Security Council, but the big five would agree not to use the 'veto'.

Million Tons Of Water Will Fly Into Air

MELBOURNE, July 13 (U.P.A.): Dr. Karl Compton, Chairman of President Truman's Atomic Evaluation Committee, to-day said that the second atom bomb explosion in Bikini would throw one million tons of water into the air.

TORY WAILS OVER "ARROGANCE" OF LABOUR M. P.'S

TORQUAY (England), July 13 (Reuter): Mr. Charles Williams, Conservative Member of Parliament for Torquay and Chairman of Ways and Means and Deputy Speaker of the last Parliament, in a speech here today described members of the Labour Government as "the most arrogant collection of individuals I have come across."

Referring to the occasional all night sittings of the present House of Commons, Mr. Williams said: "But they were not quite so arrogant at six o'clock in the morning.

"The Labour Government promised a new heaven on earth, but when the time comes for it to go, I think it will be known as the worst any country has ever suffered."

COMMONS DELUGED WITH LETTERS

LONDON, July 13, (Reuter): Two or three million letters to Members of Parliament by far the greatest deluge which ever engulfed the House of Commons—have arrived at Westminster since the present Labour-dominated Parliament was elected a year ago, according to Mr. E. G. Walsh, one of the best-known Commons' post office officials, who retired today after more than 20 years service.

When the postbag contains 4,000 letters, it is a comparatively "quiet day", Mr. Walsh said.

The mail volume doubles overnight after a Parliamentary Debate on bread rationing, Palestine or some other burning question he said.

New Imam Of London Mosque

LONDON, July 13. (Reuter): Chaudhuri Mushtaq Ahmed Bajwa has been appointed the Imam of the London Mosque in succession to Maulavi J. D. Shams, who is leaving London in the first week of August for India.

Members of the Ahmadiyya community in Britain are giving a farewell to the retiring Imam at the London Mosque next Friday, when Sir Muhammad Zafrullah Khan, judge of the Federal Court of India will preside.

Ministry Of Films In Russia

MOSCOW, July 13 (U.P.I.): Based on the Lenin dictum that 'the film is the most important of all arts" Russia today has raised a special Ministry of Films and is now engaged on a new five-year plan to make Russian films the best in the world. The present plan of the Ministry is to develop an autonomous film company in each of the 16 republics of the Union.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.
BOMBAY, July 13.

Tata Ordinary 586/8; Tata Deferred 3317/8; Indian Iron 69/8; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 62/2; Bombay Dyeing 2788/12; Central India 493/12; Century 1205; Gokak 411/14; Kohinoor 958/12; Simplex 453; Andhra Valley 2070; Tata Hydro 240; Tata Power 2170; Associated Cement 262/8; Belapur 336/14; Bombay Burma (Old) 780.

CALICUT MARKET
CALICUT, July 13.

Cocoanuts Raw 174; Dry 200; Cocoanut Oil 610; Copra Office 405; Dilpasand 435; Madras Nottam 475; Goodgooda 450; Pepper Wynaad 550; Country 540 Dry Ginger Chernad 380; Ernad 330; Coffee Robusta 85.

MIDNIGHT BATTLE ON MORGAN LINE

G. I.s Kill Two Yugoslav Soldiers

GORIZIA, July 13. (A.P.A.): Two Yugoslav soldiers were killed in skirmishes with a United States army patrol near Aurisina last night, an official statement from 88th Division Headquarters here announced today. There were no American Casualties.

American troops in the Caporetto and Aurisina area near the Morgan line were alerted today after the brief skirmishes between the American patrol and two Yugoslav patrols that crossed the Morgan Line into Zone A.

The official statement said: "At approximately 16.00 hours (GMT) yesterday a Yugoslav patrol which crossed the Morgan Line near Aurisina, southeast of Caporetto, was sighted by a United States outpost.

After a brief exchange of firing, one of the Yugoslav soldiers was found dead.

"The United States patrol continued to advance until another Yugoslav patrol was encountered.

"The American patrol returned to Aurisina, where it was ascertained that there were no United States casualties.

Later reports, confirmed by 88th Division Headquarters, state that a second Yugoslav soldier was killed in the latter part of the action.

Pt. Nehru's Message To U.S. Food Mission

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, July 14: Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is reported to have sent a message to the unofficial American Food Mission urging that "he would very much appreciate, if they presented a real picture of India's economic situation to American Government, so that help might be forthcoming to enable India tide over food crisis."

Jawahar For Lucknow

ALLAHABAD, July 13 (API).—Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President, Indian National Congress, accompanied by Dr. B. G. Keskar, General Secretary, left for Lucknow tonight.

Mr. Krishna Menon, Feroze Gandhi and Mr. S. D. Upadhyaya also accompanied Pandit Nehru.

KESKAR TO INVESTIGATE
(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, July 14: Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has ordered an enquiry into alleged irregularities in elections to Ward Congress Committees in Allahabad. Pandit Nehru asked Dr. B. B. Keskar General Secretary A. I. C. C. to investigate the matter and give his decision.

WHEN CONGRESS CABINET MEETS

AHMEDABAD, July 13 (U. P. I.): United Press of India understands that a meeting of the newly-appointed Congress Working Committee will be held in the first week of August. While the venue of the meeting has not been fixed, it is likely to be held at the place where Gandhiji will be able to attend it.

DISPOSALS

Auction of Surplus & Serviceable Stores at Ordnance Depot, BARODA

19th & 20th July '46

The Regional Commissioner Disposals, Southern Circle, will sell at Baroda by public auction at 10-30 a.m. on 19th and 20th July, 1946, through M/s. Crawford & Co., Government auctioneers, large quantities of the following surplus and serviceable stores at Ordnance Depot, Baroda:—

WOODWARE ITEMS, such as pick-axes, shovels, staves, stretchers, helves, spades, etc.

WATER-HOLDING, STORES, like cisterns, covers, buckets, and canvas troughs.

TEXTILE STORES, like Mazri and cotton shirts, khaki jerseys and pullovers, white worsted. Hessian cloth, tape newar, etc.

SCRIM GARNISHING

CONTAINERS AND UTENSILS like, ovens, kettles, etc.

MISCELLANEOUS STORES, like asphalt sealing, paints, portland stone, straps canvas shoes, kit bags, etc.

Full details can be obtained from Crawford & Co., or this Office or Ordnance Depot authorities. Stores can be inspected at site. Sale is subject to removal of stores ex site and no facilities will be given for wagons or loading at military sidings. Purchasers must make their own arrangements. Earnest money at 25 per cent of bids will be collected on the spot in cash. Cheques will not be accepted.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER DISPOSALS
(SOUTHERN CIRCLE)
Mercantile Chambers, Graham-Road,
Ballard Estate, Bombay.
Tel: 30041 (5 lines).
DS/60

THE
NEW GREAT INSURANCE
COMPANY OF INDIA, LTD.
(Incorporated in Baroda—Liability of Members is limited.)

Authorised Capital ... ... Rs....2,50,00,000
Issued & Subscribed Capital... Rs. 1,25,00,000
Paid-up Capital ... ... Rs.... 32,50,000

REGISTERED OFFICE: Bank Building, Mandvi, BARODA.
PRINCIPAL OFFICE IN BRITISH INDIA: 45-47, Apollo Street Fort, BOMBAY.

Business Transacted:
LIFE * FIRE
MARINE * ACCIDENT

Shut down on breakdowns

Worn-out or inferior beltings can cut down appreciably your production—and profits. Many belts, veterans even before the war, are now far beyond the retirement age, through extra wartime strain. Birkmyre beltings with their reliability and long-life performance is the only answer to real efficiency in belting.

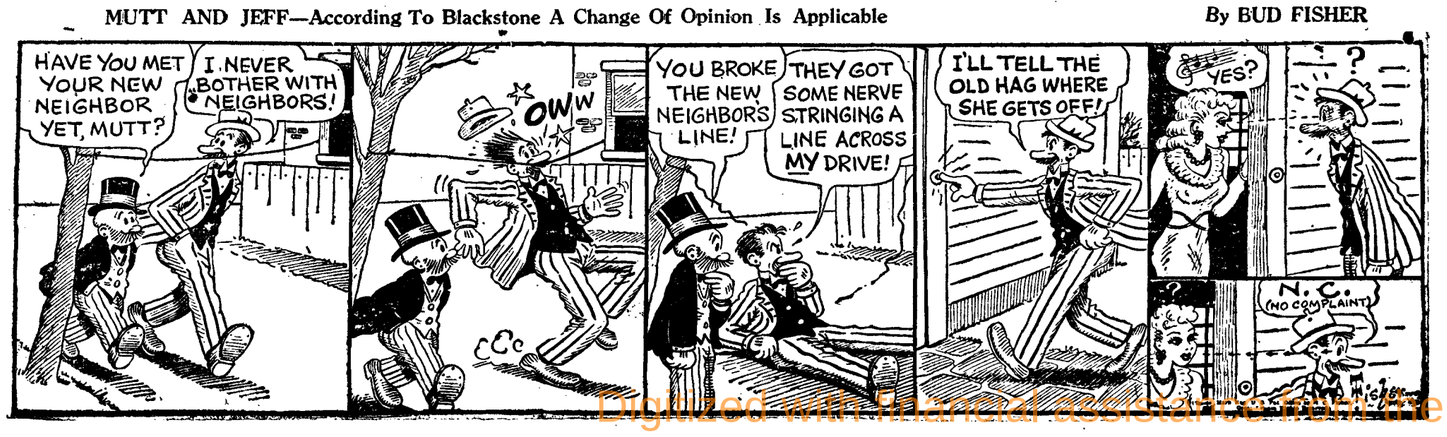
BIRKMYRE BELTING
Best in the Long Run
Hastings hair and cotton belting * Birkbelt * Laflex and Revflex belting * Birkmyre V-Ropes.

C. DIDWANIA, Hamam Street, BOMBAY. || V. S. GODBOLE, 783, Sadashiv Peth, POONA DISTRICT.

ALLIANCE STORES TRADING CO., LTD., Station Road, AHMEDABAD.

GLASGOW PRINTING CO., HOWRAH
PICTURES and CALENDARS
WE ARE AGAIN AT YOUR SERVICE
WANTED AGENTS ALL OVER INDIA

MUTT AND JEFF—According To Blackstone A Change Of Opinion Is Applicable — By BUD FISHER


HAVE YOU MET YOUR NEW NEIGHBOR YET, MUTT?
I NEVER BOTHER WITH NEIGHBORS!
OWW
YOU BROKE THE NEW NEIGHBOR'S LINE!
THEY GOT SOME NERVE STRINGING A LINE ACROSS MY DRIVE!
I'LL TELL THE OLD HAG WHERE SHE GETS OFF!
YES?
N. C. (NO COMPLAINT)

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 22 December, 2016

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.
To be paid in advance.

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a capable Chief Engineer for a Sugar Factory. Must possess at least 10 years' Sugar Factory experience. Apply stating age, qualifications, experience, salary drawn and wanted to Box No. 8816, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Graduate, capable of doing independent correspondence, knowing Gujarati and English accounts completely and one who has practical experience of administration of office—apply stating terms to Box No. 2734, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted immediately an experienced Steno-Typist. Please apply stating qualifications, previous experiences and salary expected, Gujarati preferred to Box No. 2808, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an efficient and experienced Stenographer. Salary upto Rs. 150|- for the right man. Apply Famous Cine Litho Works, 40B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay 11. (2311))

Wanted an experienced Engineer or Foreman for a Factory making Steel Shelving, Cupboards and Tubular Furniture near Bombay. State experience and wages expected. Apply Box No. 8889, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an Accountant Secretary with knowledge of local languages with experience in factory lines, write to Box No. 2764, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Hindi/English Correspondent Typist full or part time. Apply Box No. 2765, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Youths for Newspaper work with good Command over English language. Pay Rs. 50|- plus dearness allowance of Rs. 12-8 as. Those who have passed Matriculation examination need appy in their own handwriting to the Manager, "The Bombay Chronicle", Interviews between noon and 1 p. m.

Wanted on decent terms with service prospects, well connected influential persons to sell shares of Public Limited Film Company. Apply Box No. 2758, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Candidates from Muslim, Jew, Christian and Hindu Communities for temporary posts of Clerks in the scale of Rs. 55-5-60 E.B.-5-80. Matriculation Certificate essential. Applications stating community, age and previous office experience should reach the Master of the Mint, Bombay, before 20th July, 1946. 8897

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

A Yearly Call.—Davar's College of Commerce—New Session has commenced. Enrol immediately for special making-up classes for late entrants for Professional Diplomas of Company Secretaries; Bank Officers; Accountants and General Commerce or suitable combinations for personal or postal education. Call or write for Prospectus. 51, Esplanade Road. (2814)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted, Agents or Stockists for our Pearl and Nut Buttons. The Krishna Button Mfg. Co., Dacca (Bengal). (2775)

Wanted Stockist and Agents for Toilet Products. Apply to United Sales Syndicate, 80, Khand Bazar, Bombay 3. (2669)

Wanted immediately Agents for Barber's Razors, Scissors and Cutlery. Orientrade. Daska (Punjab). 2813

BUSINESS OFFERS

Increase Your Income. You may be a businessman or salaried person, we will assist you to supplement your income and show you the ways and methods to achieve your object provided you are not afraid of good honest work in spare times. Please apply quick to Box No. 2812, "Bombay Chronicle."

MOTOR CARS FOR SALE

For Sale Lease/Lend Trucks Ford V8 and Chevrolet in good condition with new tyre and battery. Run on petrol (gas plant not fitted) Passed as public carrier upto 1948. Cash or hire purchase system. Apply Automobiles Corporation, Marwadi Vidyalaya Building, Sandhurst Road. Phone 43917. 2771

PROPERTIES WANTED

Wanted One Storeyed property from Rs. 10,000 to Rs. 12,000. Write Box No. 2807, "Bombay Chronicle."

RADIO FOR SALE

New all wave radio sets have arrived. Come and select your requirements from the Chicago Telephone and Radio Co., Ltd. 127 Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Post Box 1312, Bombay 1. Calcutta, Lucknow, Lahore, New Delhi. (8153)

MISCELLANEOUS

Wanted Cellotax sheets. Apply Famous Cine Litho Works, 40B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay 11. (2810)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Available for Sales. Eastern Electric Fans. Eagle Hornes, Cycle spare parts. Gamandra Sales, Nawab Mansion, Gunbow Street, Fort, Bombay. 2598

For Sale.—New Iron Safe 30" x 24" x 24' inches. Copper Cut Tacks 3/4" 5/8 inches. Iron Cut Tacks Tinned 3/4". Bharat Stove Depot, 105, Lohar Chawl. Telephone 32336. 2804

PUBLIC NOTICES

. A. PODAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE & ECONOMICS, MATUNGA, BOMBAY 19.

LECTURES for the FIRST R. A. Class will commence on Monday, 15th July, 1946. Those students who wish to join should register their names immediately.

FEES: Rs. 50|- per term.
TIME: 6-30 p. m. to 8-15 p. m.

L. N. WELINGKAR,
Principal.

12-7-1946. (8892),

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII OF 1913 AND IN THE MATTER OF THE NEW PACHORA MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED.
(in Voluntary Liquidation.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a SECOND AND FINAL DIVIDEND at the rate of Rupees thirty-eight per share has been declared in the above matter and the same will be paid at my Office at 22, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on and after the 15th day of July, 1946, between the hours of 12 noon and 3-0 P.M. (S.T.) except on Saturdays, Sundays and holidays to those Shareholders whose name appeared on the Company's Register on the date of Liquidation.
Dated this 11th day of July, 1946.

M. J. DIVECHA,
Liquidator.
8883

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are invited for supply of writing inks, sealing wax, etc., for 1946-47 (from 1st September, 1946 to 31st March, 1947). Full particulars can be had from the Bihar Gazette dated the 3rd July, 1946.

R. GHOSH,
Superintendent,
Government Printing,
Bihar, Patna.
8871

NOTICE
THE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.
Established 1906
Head Office—BOMBAY.

Capital—Authorised	Rs. 3,00,00,000
Capital—Paid up	Rs. 1,49,83,550
Reserve Fund	Rs. 1,83,33,550

A Branch of the Bank has been opened on 1-7-46 in London for the transaction of Foreign Exchange business and General Banking.

Address: 17, Moorgate,
London, E.C. 2.
Telegrams: SHARAFI, LONDON.

A. C. CLARKE,
General Manager.
9th July, 1946.
(8865)

G.I.P. RLY—TENDERS

THE DISTRICT CONTROLLER, Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway, General Manager's Office, Victoria Terminus invites tenders for the supply of pure TIL OIL at the railway's Central Godown at Shed No. 3 Wadi Bunder, Bombay. Tender forms together with the conditions of supply may be obtained free of charge from the above Office. 8848

NOTICE

WANTED for K.B.E.P. Memorial High School, Mhow, C.I. teacher with B.A., B.T. qualification with English and Geography. Previous teaching experience essential.
(a) Pay Rs. 75/- in the grade 75-3-120 with usual Dearness Allowance;
(b) Benefits of Contributory Provident Fund;
(c) Probationary period 1 year.
Apply before 16-7-1946, to:—
Cantt. Executive Officer,
Mhow, C.I. 8870

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for posts of "Statistics Inspectors" in the Commercial Intelligence and Industrial Statistics Section of the Department of Industries in the grade of Rs. 120-5-180 plus conveyance allowance of Rs. 15/- per mensem with Compensatory Local Allowance, in accordance with rules, when stationed in Bombay and Dearness Allowance at rates sanctioned by Government, from time to time. The posts are temporary but likely to be made permanent. Higher starting salary may be given in the case of candidates specially qualified. Qualifications: Good Honours Degree in Arts, Science or Engineering (including the Diploma in Mechanical or Electrical Engineering of V.J.T.I., Bombay) with at least four years' practical experience of either office or factory work. Preference will be given to those possessing previous experience in Statistical investigations. Age Limit: 40 years at the time of appointment.

Candidates must be natives of the Province of Bombay as defined in section 3 (d) of the B.C.S. Classification and Recruitment Rules. Candidates already in Government service should apply through the Heads of the Departments in which they are serving.

Applications marked "C. I. & I. S. Statistics Inspector" at the top and containing full particulars regarding age, educational qualification, experience, domicile, etc. and accompanied by true copies of evidence in respect of the above particulars as well as of any testimonials regarding character and ability should be sent by POST addressed to the Director of Industries and Statistics Authority, Old Custom House Yard, Bombay 1, and should reach him on or before the 1st August, 1946. 8808A

THE BOMANJEE DINSHAW PETIT PARSEE GENERAL HOSPITAL, BOMBAY.
NOTICE

THE HOSPITAL authorities intend to extend the undermentioned facility to patients desiring admission to the Hospital and their relatives but on the distinct understanding that admissions cannot be claimed as of right and the Executive Committee of the Hospital reserves to itself full discretion to grant, refuse or withhold any admission without assigning any reason therefor.

The Hospital authorities regret their inability to meet the large public demand for admission to the Hospital due to inadequacy of Staff, Equipment and Hospital beds. While gratefully appreciating the increasing public confidence in the Institution, the management have very reluctantly been forced in the present circumstances to restrict the number of beds in the Hospital for some time to come. However, to adopt a fair and equitable basis for admissions and to obviate hardship to the patients, it has been arranged to open a waiting list and to maintain a register of names in the Office of the R.M.O. Persons who are unable to obtain immediate admission are requested to get their names entered either by themselves or through their relatives on the said register of names between 9 A.M. and 12 noon on any day of the week. Thereafter, inquiry of the R.M.O. should be made from day to day either over (Telephone No. 41871) or preferably by a personal call at the Hospital between the same morning hours if a vacancy has occurred.

Admission will be made (except in case of urgency or any other good cause of which the R.M.O. will be the sole judge) in the order in which the names of applicants shall appear in the register.

An applicant failing to keep in touch with the R.M.O. as aforesaid or upon being informed of a vacancy shall fail to arrive at the Hospital within four hours of the receipt of the information of the vacancy by the patient (which term shall include his or her relatives) the vacancy may be offered to the patient whose name shall appear next in order in the register of names, in respect of the admission to a particular ward, and the defaulting patient shall loose his or her admission unless the patient is re-registered.

Sympathetic co-operation from the public is earnestly requested to ensure the smooth functioning of the above scheme. It is very desirable that sufficiently improved or chronic cases for which further Hospital treatment is not absolutely necessary will arrange to vacate the beds occupied by them on the request of the R.M.O. Simple or ordinary cases will please refrain from seeking admissions in order to make room for more urgent and serious cases requiring immediate Hospital treatment.

It is sincerely hoped that this appeal will find a generous response from the Community in the interest of medical relief and its extension to the needy members thereof.

By Order of the
House Committee,
(Sd.) R. E. DADACHANJI,
(Sd.) D. H. PETIT,
Jt. Honorary Secretaries.
11th July, 1946. 8899

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
NOTICE
RECRUITMENT TO CLERICAL AND OTHER SUBORDINATE SERVICES

APPLICATIONS on prescribed forms are invited from persons who are natives of the Province of Bombay for selection for recruitment to clerical and other subordinate Municipal services.

Scale of Pay—Rs. 55-4-115-5-140 P.M. Start of Rs. 65/- to graduates and Rs. 75/- to Honours and Double graduates plus Dearness Allowance of Rs. 22/-.

Minimum Qualifications:—Matriculation, the School Leaving Certificate examination of the Bombay University, the Senior Cambridge examination, the Bombay Government Commercial Diploma examination, or any other equivalent examination.

Age Limit:—Non-Graduates—between 18 to 22 years (Backward communities 25 years). Graduates—upto 25 (Backward communities 28) on 22-7-46.

Applications should reach the Municipal Commissioner's Office on or before 22-7-46. Application forms can be had from the Municipal Commissioner's Office on payment of annas eight between 11 A.M. and 3 P.M. (B.T.) on week days and 10 A.M. and 12 Noon (B.T.) on Saturdays. They will be sent by post if a self-addressed envelope bearing 1½ anna postage stamp is received to cover postage and annas eight in one anna stamps for the form.

The cost of the application form once purchased will not be refunded.

Persons in Government or other employ should submit their applications through their respective superiors.

N. V. MODAK.
Ag. Municipal Commissioner.
Municipal Offices,
Fort, Bombay.
Dated 27-6-46. 8810

AUCTION SALES

SALE TODAY

THE SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY, known as "Kashani" Building situate in Nanabhoy Byramjee Oart, bearing Street Nos. 6, 8 & 10 will take place TODAY, MCNDAY, 15th July, 1946, at 5 P.M. on the premises of the property as previously advertised.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows Street, Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTICES

JOINT NOTIFICATION

MARKING OF GOODS:— The Public are suffering inconvenience through goods and parcels being misdespatched in transit. The cause of misdespatch is, in many cases, the consignors' failure to properly address or mark packages before tendering them for transport and to ensure that all old marks and addresses are obliterated.

The Railways are anxious to avoid inconvenience to the public and with this object in view, a notice is hereby given that with effect from 1st July, 1946—

(i) No package will be accepted for transport unless it is fully and clearly marked in English with the name, initials or private marks of consignees and the station of destination.

(ii) Bags and bundles of hides and skins and baskets of fruits, vegetables, vessels of oil or ghee, bundles of iron bars or other goods, that cannot be duly marked must have a leather, metal or wooden label attached to each bundle or article at the forwarding station by the consignor and the necessary markings put on.

THE ABOVE REQUIREMENTS APPLY TO EACH AND EVERY PACKAGE irrespective whether the consignment is of (a) "Smalls" (b) "Full wagon load" or (c) "Full wagon load requiring transhipment en route due to break of gauge."

The public are reminded that these requirements are not new but compliance with them has not been insisted upon during the last few years. The present position, however, renders compliance necessary and it is requested that the public will fully co-operate.

E.I., B.A., & B. N. RAILWAYS. 8721

WANTED

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a temporary post of a Stenographer in the scale of Rs. 110-5-185 plus D.A. admissible under the Rules in the Office of the Provincial Motor Transport Controller, Industrial Assurance Building, opp. Churchgate Station, Bombay.

The applicant should be a Matriculate of Bombay or any other recognized University. He must have a shorthand speed of at least 110 words and typing speed of 35 to 40 words per minute. The age limit is 25 years, subject to the relaxation of 3 years in case of Intermediate and Depressed Class candidates. The applications, together with copies of testimonials should be sent, so as to reach the undersigned not later than 20-7-46.

PROVINCIAL MOTOR
TRANSPORT CONTROLLER. 8895

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to he public that AMRATLAL NAGARDAS of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned proporty.

All persons having any claim, interest or demand howsoever against in to or upon the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, gift, inheritance, mortgage, lease, lien, charge, trusts, easements, maintenance, share, possession, coparcenary right, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to give notice thereof in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 65, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, failing which the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claim, interest or demand howsoever and the same, if any, shall be deemed and treated as having been waived or abandoned.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground or plot of Khalsa Tenure, situate, lying and being at Ghatkopar forming part of the Town Planning Scheme Ghatkopar No. II in Taluka South Salsette of Bombay Suburban District in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, being Plot No. 56 of the said Scheme and containing by admeasurement 1155 (one thousand one hundred and fifty-five) square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by Plot No. 59 of the said Scheme, on or towards the West by Plot No. 55 of the said Scheme, on or towards the North partly by Plot No. 57 and partly by Plot No. 58 of the said Scheme and on or towards the south partly by the Public Road known as Third Road of the said Scheme.

Dated this 13th day of July, 1946.

MOHILE & PAREKH,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(8896)

Cost Accounting
By N. SARKAR, M.A., F.I.C.A., A.C.W.A., F.S.A.A., A.C.I.S., A.C.I.I., F.S.S., R.A.
Lecturer, Calcutta University, Chief Accountant, Corporation of Calcutta and Honorary Secretary, Indian Institute of Cost and Works Accounts, Indispensable for every factory and manufacturer. Rs. 10.8.
1. **Commercial Mathematics.** Rs. 7|-
2. **Rapid Calculation.** Rs. 1|4|-
By R. GUPTA, M.A., Professor, Govt Commercial Inst. Calcutta. Recommended as a Text book by the different Indian Universities. Indispensable for competitive examination.
Elements of Mathematics for Competitive Examinations. Rs. 1.4.0
U. N. DHUR & SONS, LTD.,
15, College Square, Calcutta.

PAL BLADES will give you better shaves than you've ever known

Pal Hollow Ground fits in your razor like this. Edge is flexible to razor.
This is the way an ordinary blade is held—edge is rigid to razor.
BECAUSE Pals are hollow-ground, they're Flexible in the razor...
BECAUSE they're Flexible in the razor, they shave with a "Feather Touch."
BECAUSE they shave with a "Feather Touch" they last longer.
4 for 10¢
10 for 25¢
DOUBLE EDGE
SINGLE EDGE
HOLLOW GROUND RAZOR BLADES
FIT ALL REGULAR RAZORS PERFECTLY
AGENTS, DISTRIBUTORS.
Some territories still open to substantial, well-established firms.
Cable or write for full particulars:
PAL BLADE COMPANY, INC.
595, Madison Avenue,
New York, U. S. A.

PEACE HAS CONQUERED WAR
NOW WE CAN SUPPLY YOU THE SAME PRE-WAR QUALITY OF: Leather Travelling AIR & RAILWAY SUIT CASES
VISIT OUR SHOWROOM
PRIMIN & SONS
MANUFACTURERS OF LEATHER & CANVASS GOODS.
24, IMBULWADI (WEST), KALBADEVI, BOMBAY 2
Stockists:— MANECKJI & CO., Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.

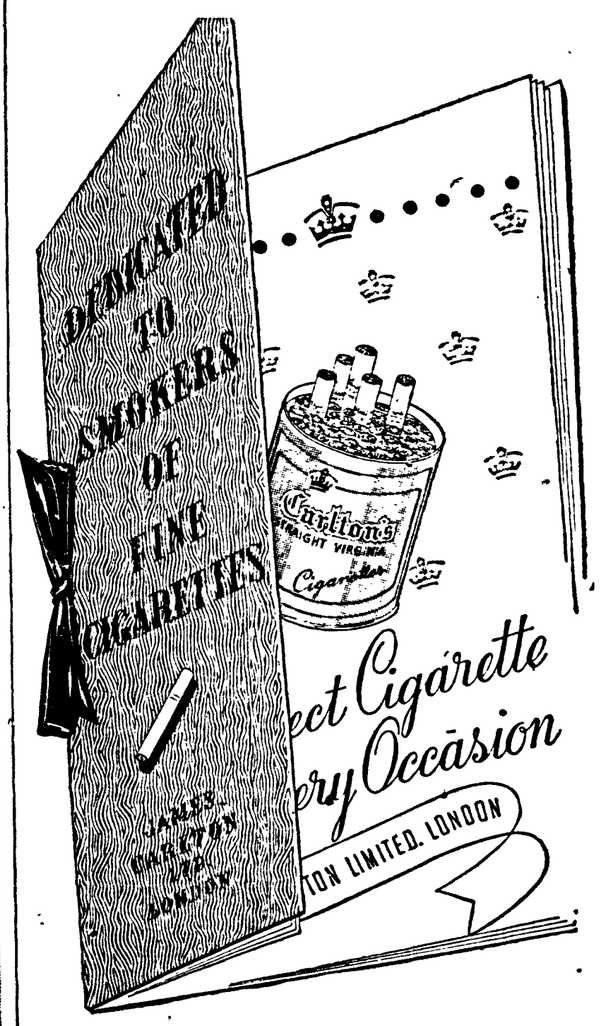
ALLAHABAD BANK
LIMITED
ESTABLISHED 1865
Affiliated to the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China
EIGHTY YEARS' experience of Indian conditions is at the disposal of the Bank's constituents
Banking business of every description transacted
over 70 offices of the Bank in India
HEAD OFFICE
6 & 7, Royal Exchange Place,
CALCUTTA
BOMBAY OFFICES
39, Apollo Street
and
232/34, Kalbadevi Road
AHMEDABAD OFFICE
Pankore Naka
W. LOTHIAN BROWN
General Manager.
A.B. 19

C. K. Sen's ASOKA
BUILDS UP PERFECT Womanhood
C. K. SEN & CO. LTD.
JABAKUSUM HOUSE, CALCUTTA
Distributors: S. O'NEIL & Co., Ltd., Dadina Buildings, Masjid Bunder Road, Corner Zaveri Bazar, BOMBAY 3.

DO NOT WASTE
Cloth is precious today so make your clothes last as long as possible by careful washing with 501 Soaps. But do not waste soap. Use it sparingly—just as much as is necessary to remove dirt. This will save soap and preserve your clothes.
501 SOAPS
THE TATA OIL MILLS COMPANY LIMITED
FS. 5728 - Size 3"x 2 cols. 1945

He will make up
We might boast of our ancient civilization the glorious past of India, but we cannot ignore the fact that to-day India is far behind the Western countries in respect of mass literacy. The total percentage of literate people in India, who can only read and sign their names is, as revealed by the 1941 census, only 12.1% — an appalling revelation indeed!

But Literacy is now rapidly increasing and we need paper — huge lots of it — to feed the school-boy who will grow into staunch fighter of illiteracy — determined to make up.
STAR PAPER MILLS LTD.
Star Papers are dedicated to the cause of helping mass Literacy.
HEAD OFFICE:—CALCUTTA. MILL SHAHARANPUR U.P.



'C 6. 8'

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co. Ltd. by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.